Mayor of San Antonio Extends Personal Invitation

On behalf of the City of San Antonio let me extend a personal invitation to the members of the American Sociological Association to attend the seventy-ninth annual meeting of the Association in San Antonio, August 27-31, 1984.

As sociologists, you will find much of interest in our city. San Antonio and South Texas combine a rich history of ethnic diversity, strong cultural tradition, and socioeconomic growth. The city is also a bridge between Mexico and the United States and in a sense, between the Hemispheres. I assume that fact contributed to my appointment, as Mayor of San Antonio, to the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America. The Commission represents an attempt to come to terms with what you know is a long history of social inequality and severe stratification, characteristic of that region. San Antonio itself is a stage in a step-migration of Central Americans, fleeing economic and political turmoil. Our hope is that the growth of democratic institutions in Central America will allow people to live in harmony and build a more just society for themselves. I understand that one of your thematic sessions will be on Central America and I look forward to your deliberations.

San Antonio is honored to play host to your annual meetings and for the opportunity to enjoy your sociological insight into the Americas, North, Central and South.

Henry G. Cisneros Mayor of San Antonio

Council Approves Balanced Budget

ASA Council met in Washington DC in late January and approved an operating budget of \$1.532 million for 1984. The budget was first prepared by the Executive Office in the Fall of 1983 and presented to the Committee on Executive Office and Budget in December. At that time EOB reviewed the prepared budget with care and, after making some modifications, forwarded it to Council. A detailed statement of the budget, along with the auditor's report for the 1983 budget year will be published in an upcoming issue of FOOTNOTES. Some highlights the 1983 and 1984 budgets are reported here.

1983 was a good year for ASA in the sense that the Association had

its first budget surplus in several years. This helped to reduce the impact of the deficits that had characterized the preceeding years of high inflation. While final figures for 1983 must await the completion of the annual audit, a surplus in excess of \$100,000 is projected. This state of affairs is a consequence of the fact that income from membership dues, subscriptions, the Teaching Resources Center, and other activities was higher than anticipated by some \$50,000, while expenses were \$80,000 lower than expected. These figures are tentative, subiect to the final audit, but it is unlikely to alter them significantly. ASA's unexpectedly modest expenses were a result of the fact that printing costs did not go up as

expected, and that postal rates did not increase as had been forecast late in 1982. Savings were also achieved in the Annual Meeting and in-house operations.

The 1984 budget adopted by Council is also balanced, with income and expenses both projected at about \$1.5 million. The balance is built in part on the expectation that membership will remain stable, and that subscriptions from libraries and non-members will also remain at 1983 levels. The dues increase in 1983 had been expected to have a more significant impact on renewals than it, in fact, did. Final figures for 1983 show a total membership of 11,934 compared with 12,439 for 1982, a decline of less than 5 percent.

ASA Launches Summer Fellowship Program; Apply by April 27

At its winter meeting in late January, the ASA Council approved a recommendation of the Committee on the Problems of the Discipline to fund a D.C. Fellowship for the summer of 1984. The Fellowship carries a stipend of \$5,500, and will be awarded to an ASA member holding a PhD in Sociology.

This year's summer fellowship is designed to provide a greater range of opportunities than were provided by the Congressional Fellowship offered in the summer of 1983. Its purpose is to allow the Fellow to further her/his research interests by placing the Fellow in

one of the many agencies and organizations found in Washington, D.C. The appointment is expected to benefit both the individual scholar and the agency/ organization in some mutually beneficial way.

Thus far, the following federal agencies have expressed interest in the possibility of having a resident sociologist for the summer: The National Institute on Aging; the National Cancer Institute; the National Science Foundation; the General Accounting Office; and several departments within the National Institute of Mental Health. Also expressing interest in

the possibility of having a summer Fellow are the National Academy of Sciences, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and several Congressional Committees. The above list is not exhaustive, but is intended to show the range of possibilities. Candidates are encouraged to indicate the office, agency, department or committee within which they would hope to work, regardless of whether it is mentioned above. The prime concern is to match the knowledge and skill of a sociologist with the interests and needs of a major research agency, governmental office or Congressional Committee. The Fellow will be officially resident in the ASA Executive Office, but may in fact spend most of her/his time in the organization selected.

A special committee has been appointed to select the 1984 Fellow: Irwin Deutscher (Chair), University of Akron; Rita Simon, American University; and Dean Hoge, Catholic University. Persons wishing to be considered for the Fellowship should submit their applications in triplicate by April 27, 1984 to: Dr. Irwin Deutscher, c/o ASA, 1722 N Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

2-3 months, beginning in late spring and running through August. The Fellow is expected to submit a written report at the completion of the Fellowship. It should include a summary of the problem(s) addressed, the work done, and a discussion of future possibilities for additional Fellowships.

Applications should include a vita and a 2-3 page statement describing the candidate's areas of expertise and how they relate to a specific problem that can be effectively explored by working in close proximity for a short period with research scholars in one or another federal agency or related organization. The statement may also include brief discussion of the candidate's views on the interplay between research/scholarship and public policy. The selection committee's chief concern is to identify the candidate best able to advance her/his research interests, while making a sociological contribution to a federal agency or related organization.

New Constitutional, Standing Committees Added to ASA Structure

Changes in the 1984 ASA committee structure cut across all three committee categories—constitutional, standing, and ad hoc.

The committee list published in this issue is not complete. Several members will be elected this spring to the constitutional committees on publications, nominations, and committees. In addition, appointment of one committee chair is still pending.

The number of constitutional committees has increased to seven this year with the appointment of the Committee on Membership Incentives.

Two standing committees have also been added—the Committee to Review Membership Insurance and the Committee on the Status of Homosexuals in Sociology. The latter committee previously held an ad hoc status as the Task Group on Discriminatioon Against

Homosexuals

Ad hoc committees have been created to explore Expanding Professional Opportunities in Sociology, Federal Standards for the Employment of Sociologists, and Society and the Disabled. Also added to the ad hoc contingent was the Task Force on Sociology and the Media. Two ad hoc committees were disbanded in 1983—Certification of Sociologists and Trends in the Occupation of Sociologists.

At its January, 1984 meeting, AASA Council authorized appointment of several new ad hoc committees for 1984: Certification, ASA Service Award, Program of Dissertation Awards, ASA/AAAS Relations, and a Commission on the Mobilization of Sociological Knowledge to Societal Issues. The composition of these new committees will be announced in a later issue.

The ASA commmittee structure is the result of the combined efforts of the President, Council, Committee on Committees, Committee on Nominations, and the voting membership.

COUNCIL

Officers

President: James F. Short, Jr.
President-Elect: Kai Erikson
Vice President-Edgar F. Borgatta
Vice President-Elect: Morris Rosenberg
Past President: Alice S. Rossi
Past Vice President: Everett K. Wilson
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CONSTITUTIONAL COMMITTEES

Committee on Committees

Chair: Barbara Heyns Lewis M. Killian, George J. McCall, Joanne Miller, Jeylan T. Mortimer, Jonathan Turner (6 more to be elected)

Committee on the Executive Office and Budget

Chair: Theodore Caplow Kai Erikson, Joan Huber, William H. Sewell, James F. Short, Jr., Charles V. Willie

Committee on Membership Incentives Chair: John F. Schnabel Jeanne Ballantine, Theodore Caplow, H. Paul Chalfant, Anne McCarrick, Ann Sundgren, Burton Wright

See Committee Page 16

Election Issue

This issue of FOOTNOTES contains biographical information on candidates for election to ASA offices. It also includes the proposed Procedures for the Code of Ethics. Voting members will be given an opportunity to vote on these items later in the Spring. They are encouraged to retain their copies of this issue for reference when ballots are received.

ASA Council Discusses Certification and Licensure Issues

by Bettina Huber

One of the topics receiving extensive attention at the recent meeting of ASA Council was the question of licensure and certification. A detailed report prepared prior to the meeting provided the background information Council needed to launch a number of initiatives designed to stem the encroachment of other disciplines on sociologists' job opportunities, and to take the first steps in establishing a certification program.

ASA has concerned itself with the question of licensure and certification on a sporadic basis during the last 30 years. Council's current concern began several years ago with the appointment of an Ad Hoc Certification Committee. Last August this committee submitted a report compiled by Katherine Marconi (committee chair), Kathleen Crittenden, Jan Fritz, Judith Gordon, Hans Mauksch, Carla Howery and Hank Steadman. It argued that certification and licensure must become priority issues if sociologists' employment opportunities are not to be seriously eroded in the next few

In response, Council appointed a subcommittee of its own members (i.e., Edgar Borgatta, Glen Elder and Roberta Simmons) to delineate the options open to the Association. With the aid of Bettina Huber of the Executive Office, a second report was prepared for the January meeting. In addition to delineating various courses of action open to Council, the most recent report briefly enumerates some of the problems practicing sociologists currently face, and delineates the activities of other social science associations with regard to licensure and certification. Some of the report's major findings are outlined below.

The Nature of the Problem

Rather than dealing with the multiple issues surrounding sociological practice, the background report focuses on the three major concepts of accreditation, certification and licensure. Unlike the other two. accreditation applies to departments rather than individuals. The accreditation process involves formal review and appraisal by a nationally or locally recognized group, and can result in approval or formal recognition of an academic program. Essential to it are clearly defined standards of excellence for academic training programs providing professional preparation.

Certification refers to a process by which individuals are recognized as having met certain pre-determined professional standards. Certification criteria vary, but often involve receipt of a degree from an accredited graduate program and/or satisfaction of requirements set by an evaluation board. The certification process can be administered by the state or by a professional organization. At present non-state agencies are the most frequent certifiers.

In dealing with certification, it is important to distinguish between certification of a title (e.g., "certified sociologist" or "certified psychologist") and certification of a generic or disciplinary designation such as psychology or sociology. The first is delimited in scope and does little more than specify that people using the title have met certain educational and experience requirements. Moreover, this form of certification in no way inhibits anyone from using the general title. Disciplinary certification, on the other hand, is inclusive and attempts to define standards for a whole area of endeavor. It rapidly becomes exclusionary, thereby arbitrarily circumscribing applied practice and use of a title, despite claims that such procedures are designed to protect the public welfare. During the 50s psychology chose the route of generic certification and licensure, and social work is presently attempting to follow suit. As a result, sociology is in danger of being defined out of existence as related disciplines lay legislative claim to our domain.

In contrast to certification, licensure is always under the exclusive jurisdiction of the state. It is a process by which a government agency grants permission to individuals to engage in an occupation or profession. Such permission is granted once it has been ascertained that minimum requirements assuring public health, safety and welfare have been fulfilled by individual applicants. In the United States, professional licensure is a responsibility of state government, and consequently, national regulation requires 50 different state laws. In the social sciences, a license for independent clinical practice usually requires a graduate degree from a regionally accredited institution; one to two years of post-graduate supervised practical experience; and completion of a written examination.

During the past quarter-century a number of social science organizations, notably psychology and social work, have developed extensive programs of accreditation and licensure, a movement sociology has not joined because of its perceived deleterious consequences. As a result, the job opportunities of practicing sociologists have become progressively restricted by default. This is apparent on a number of fronts. First, sociologists who compete with other social scientists for jobs and

clients of various sorts often find themselves at a disadvantage because they are not licensed or certified. Second, the employment regulations of some public agencies discriminate against sociologists by giving preference to certified and licensed professionals. And third, the absence of accredited programs restricts students access to pre- and postdoctoral training opportunities.

In the main, many of the problems just enumerated affect only those sociologists engaged in clinical practice and counseling. Since the vast majority of the discipline's graduate programs are not clinical in nature, one might conclude that licensure and certification problems afflict only a small, and atypical, group of clinical practitioners. This would not be accurate, however, since a number of organizations are seeking to expand the scope of their legally regulated domain. Although psychologists and social workers initially sought legal protection for clinical practice only, they are now attempting to extend regulatory mechanisms to organizational analysis and administration. Thus, current restrictions on clinical aspects of sociological practice may well spread to other applied areas if ASA fails to take preventive

See Other Page 4

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A comprehensive analysis of the programs and services needed to strengthen families, help parents raise their children effectively, and promote the full development of the nation's children. Shows how changing birth rates and employment patterns, increased longevity, and other factors are affecting families and creating new needs for social services.

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May 1984, \$24.95 (tentative)

Order from address below or phone 415-433-1767

Carnegie Corporation Aims Grant Programs at Broad Goals

New grant programs aimed at developing an informed citizenry plus the leadership to pursue four broad goals have been announced by the Carnegie Corporation of New York.

The Corporation has about \$20 million available this fiscal year which ends September 30 for grants and projects related to the following goals:

- · Avoidance of nuclear war and improvement in U.S.-Soviet relations:
- · education of all Americans, especially youth, for a scientifically and technologically based society;
- · prevention of damage to children and young adolescents;
- strengthening of human resources in developing countries.
- "We live in a world transformed-and still in process

of transformation," said Carnegie president David A. Hamburg, but we see all around us the institutional lags which are so troublesome."

John C. Taylor, board chairman, said the foundation's new programs "represent a fundamental continuity with past programs devoted to the education and wellbeing of children and to policy research, but place these interests in the context of world interdependence and scienfific and technological change."

Approaches

Calling the threat of nuclear war "humanity's overriding concern," Hamburg, a psychiatrist and president-elect of the AAAS, said the foundation would try to "mobilize the best possible intellectual, technical, and moral resources over a wide range of knowledge and perspectives" to work on the means of averting nuclear catastrophe.

The program on education, he said, will "draw upon the Corporation's established interests in the education of school-age children, college students, and adults, and equal opportunity for minorities and women, but will link education reform to accelerating changes in science, technology, society, and the econ-

The program on the prevention of damage to children will concentrate on preventing school failure and school-age pregnancy, and explore problems of childhold injury and substance abuse.

Hamburg indicated that the program on developing countries will try to stimulate U.S. interest in developing countries, especially the need to strengthen the human resources that are so central to the task of upgrading development opportunities in the future. This means good health and adequate nutrition, basic education, and families of workable size." Special attention will be given to countries in particular regions of Africa and the Caribbean.

For detailed guidelines on these programs contact: Carnegie Corporation of New York, 437 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10022; (212) 371-3200.

People

Iessie Bernard received an honarary

Clifford Clogg, Pennsylvania State University, is spending the 1983-84 academic year as a Fellow at the Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences, Stanford, CA.

Jon Darling, University of Pittsburgh-Pennsylvania Sociological Society's 1983 award for distinguished service. He is also the President of the Associa-

ASA Professional Workshops: Be There!

Issues of Sexism and Racism in Teaching Sociology

March 30-April 1, American University, Washington, D.C. Staff: Rodolfo Alvarez, UCLA; Carla Howery, ASA; Barrie Thorne, Michigan State University; Charles Willie, Harvard University Fee: \$175 ASA members; \$275 nonmembers. Space available—apply immediately!

Getting a Job in the Federal Government

May 10, 4-H Center, Washington, D.C. Staff: Lawrence J. Rhoades, NIMH

Fee: \$50 ASA members; \$75 non-members. Applications due April 1,

The Ins and Outs of Grants and Contract Research

May 11, 4-H Center, Washington, D.C.

Staff: David K. Myers, Decision Resources; Barbara Richardson, National Institute of Education

Fee: \$50 ASA members; \$75 non-members. Applications due April 1,

Effective Writing Skills for Socologists

May 12-13, 4-H Center, Washington, D.C.

Staff: Carolyn Mullins, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State Univer-

Fee: \$125 ASA members; \$200 non-members. Applications due April 1,

(Note: The three workshops listed above are offered in sequence so that participants may attend one, two or all three events.)

Academic Leadership: Helping Sociologists to be Effective Chairpersons and Deans

June 7-9, Milwaukee, WI

Staff: Michael S. Bassis, University of Wisconsin-Parkside; Lee H. Bowker, Indiana University of Pennsylvania; Hans O. Mauksch, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee; William W. Mayrl, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, Ronald M. Pavalko, University of Wisconsin-Parkside

Fee: \$175 ASA members; \$275 non-members. Applications due May 1, 1984.

Using the Computer in Teaching Sociology

June 20-23, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C. Staff: Peter Bishop, University of Houston-Clear Lake City; Fred S.

y, SUNY-Brockport; Carla Howery, ASA; William Markham, sley College; William McDonald, Georgetown University; Stephen Steele, Anne Arundel Community College

Fee: \$375 ASA members; \$475 nonmembers (includes room and board). Applications due May 15, 1984.

Using the Computer in Teaching Socology

July 19-22, Ball State University, Muncie, IN
Staff: Ronald Anderson, University of Minnesota; William Johnson, Ball State University; Harry Nelsen, Ball State University; others to be

Fee: \$375 ASA members; \$475 non-members (includes room and board). Applications due June 1, 1984.

Sociology's Service Mission: Strengthening the Lower Division and Introductory Courses October 24-27, Furman University, Greenville, SC

Staff: Charlene Black, Georgia Southern College; Daniel Cover, Furman University; John Schnabel, West Virginia University; Everett K. Wilson, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill

Fee: \$325 ASA members; \$425 non-members (fee includes room and board). Applications due September 1, 1984.

For more information and application forms, contact: Carla B. Howery, ASA, 1722 N Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

New Column Reports Sociology, Sociologists in Mass Media

A standing column that reports mass media presentations of the discipline of sociology, the profession of sociology, the research, work, and commentary of sociologists, as well as the private undertakings of sociologists begins in this issue.

Mass media is defined as newspapers, magazines, television, radio, movies and books. This column was suggested by the ASA Task Force on Sociology and the Media.

Contributions are welcomed. Contributions may include upcoming presentations as well as past events. Some recent events include:

Amitai Etzioni, George Washington University. An interview covering values, family, schools, interest groups and the aging population in U.S. News & World Report, January 9, 1984, pp.

Martha Thompson, Northeastern Illinois University. Survey results showing Chicago restaurants prefer smokers to nursing mothers in Chicago Sunday Sun-Times, January 15, 1984, p.

Robert S. Weiss, Harvard Medical School, Interview based on his book, Recovery from Bereavement, on CBS Morning News in mid-January following a positive review in the New England Journal of Medicine. Associated Press did a story on the book following the broadcast

Arthur Shostak, Drexel University. Coverage of his research on the impact of abortion on men in Time Magazine, September 26, 1983, p. 78.

Andrew M. Greeley, National Opinion Research Center. Article reporting his donation of \$1.1 million in royalties from his best-selling novels to establish a professorship of Catholic studies at the University of Chicago in The Washington Post, January 24, 1984.

Veronica Maz, Martha's Table, Washington, D.C. A column by George F. Will reporting her work with the homeless in Newsweek, December 5, 1983, p. 134.

David Colfax and his wife Micki Colfax, Boonville, California. Article on the Mountain School they established to educate their four sons at home in Newsweek, December 5, 1983, p. 106.

David Sternberg, John Jay College of Criminal Justice, CUNY. Article on the agony of ABDs based on his book, How to Complete and Survive a Doctoral Dissertation in The Washington Post, November 7, 1983, p. B5.

Pepper Schwartz and Philip Blumstein, University of Washington, have appeared on CBS Morning News and the Phil Donahue Show to discuss their book, American Couples. Review of their book have also been published in Ms. Magazine, November 1983, pp. 116 and 119, and Book World, The Washington Post, October 30, 1983, pp.

degree of Doctor of Humanities at the February 20 commencement ceremonies at George Washington Univer-

Johnstown, was the recipient of the tion of Humanist Sociology

George W. Dowdall, Saint Joseph's University, has been awarded a NEH Fellowship for College Teachers for his project on "The Social Development of the Mental Hospital: Buffalo, 1880-

Barbara Hetrick, Hood College, is a recipient of an American Council on Education fellowship for leaders in

Jack Nusan Porter, Ukranian Research Institute, Harvard University, recently was nominated for a National Jewish Book Award for his latest book, Confronting History and Holocaust (University Press of America).

Steven Stack, Pennsylvania State University, has been elected President of the Pennsylvania Sociological Society.

COPAFS Elects Sociologists to Executive Committee

Two sociologists were elected to the 1984 Executive Committee of the Council of Professional Associations on Federal Statistics.

The sociologists are Laure Sharp, American Association for Public Opinion Research, and Conrad Taeuber, Population Association of America.

COPAFS was organized in 1980 by 12 professional associations, including the ASA, to address issues related to the timeliness, quality, integrity, adequacy and usefulness of statistics generated by the federal government. The Council is now composed of 16 affiliated organizations.

In its latest report to its affiliated organizations, COPAFS highlighted the following events:

- · Efforts by the Subcommittee on Intergovernmental Relations, Senate Governmental Affairs Committee, to establish within the an Office of Statistical Policy and Formula Management.
- A request from the Bureau of the Census to the Committee on Office of Management and Budget

National Statistics at the National Academy of Sciences to convene a panel of technical experts to provide advice on methodology for the 1990 census

- Availability of Statistical Policy Working Paper 10, Approaches to Developing Questionnaires, of the Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology. It may be purchased from NTIS Document Sales, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161; (703) 487-4650. Further information on the work of the Committee and its various reports may be obtained from the Committee chairperson, Maria Elena Gonzales in OMB's Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs; (202) 395-5870.
- Release of the Report to the Nation on Crime and Justice (NCJ-87068) by the Bureau of Justice Statistics. Single copies are free from the National Criminal Justice Reference Service, Box 6000, Rockville, MD 20850; (301) 251-
- · Availability of Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Rec-

ord Research, 1983 from Wendy Alvey, Statistics of Income Division D:R:S, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20224. Single copies are free of charge.

• Publication of Scope and Methods of the Statistical Reporting Service by the Department of Agriculture, which describes significant changes in procedures and methodology used to estimate crop yields and farm wages. Purchase from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402; (202) 783-3238.



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1984 Resource Materials

Guide to Graduate Departments of Sociology Directory of Members Directory of Departments of Sociology

Watch for details in upcoming issues!



Other Social Science Associations Pursuing Licensure Laws

(continued from page 2)

Activities of Other Social Science Organizations

The working conditions of sociological practitioners are defined, in part, by the certification and licensing activities of other social science disciplines. Consequently, it is relevant to have a clear picture of the activities of related professional organizations. In the discipline of sociology itself, only the Clinical Sociology Association (CSA) has taken an official stand on the issue of certification and licensure. Founded in 1978, CSA counts a wide range of sociological practitioners among its 450-500 members. All are united by their common interest in applying sociological knowledge. The question of certification has been a top priority for CSA because so many members articulate a need for such procedures. These were approved by the CSA Board during 1983 and ratified by the membership at the annual meeting in August. CSA hopes to begin certifying by mid-1984. Its aim is to certify individuals who have demonstrated competence in practice and mastered sociological theory and method.

Like CSA, the National Council of Family Relations (NCFR) has spent the last few years dealing with certification issues. NCFR is a well-established organization devoted to the study of the family. About one fourth of its approximately 4,500 members are sociologists. During the course of 1982 and 1983 its Board of Directors approved a program of individual certification in "family life education", which includes two major dimensions: a set of curriculum guidelines for graduate programs, and certification standards. The certification program will begin operation in 1985 and will be administered by the NCFR Executive Office and a five-member Certification Review Committee.

In assessing developments in the arena of independent clinical practice, it is vital to summarize the activities of the American Psychological Association (APA), as it has set the standard for everyone else to follow. With over 58,000 members, APA has had a welldeveloped licensure program since the 1960s. By 1977 all 50 states and the District of Columbia had enacted laws regulating psychology. Most mandate licensure and regulation of professional activities, but seven states have certification laws which deal primarily with the use of the title 'psychologist". By and large, laws regulating psychology are generic in character, and licenses are granted without regard to area of specialization. Most states require applicants to have received a PhD from a program primarily psychological in nature, and to have one to four years of post-graduate experience, some or all of which must be supervised. At present, only independent clinical practice involving a fee-for-service falls under the aegis of various state laws, but their scope may be broadened in the years ahead. Public sector employment, in particular, is a target for future regula-

In 1967 APA developed a model statute which acknowledges that other professional groups employ pschological skills and engage in activities regulated by psychological licensure. The statute deals with this problem by recommending that such professional groups be exempted from the law, as long as they do not call themselves "psychologists." The list of recommended exemptions at the end of the 1967 model statute includes one dealing with sociologically trained social psychologists, and reflects a 1959 agreement between ASA and APA. Some states subsequently incorporated this exemption into their licensing

legislation, but by no means all.

Although the exemption for sociologically-trained social psychologists frees sociologists from restraints that lack of licensure would otherwise impose, it also has the effect of barring them from taking licensure examinations. This can be a considerable disadvantage, since in most states only certified or licensed professionals are entitled to thirdparty payments. Without this privilege, sociological social psychologists cannot be reimbursed for their services by health insurance carriers, but must restrict themselves to clients who are willing to pay out-of-pocket. In addition to its licensure pro-

gram, APA has devised specialty guidelines for clinical, counseling, school and industrial organizational psychology, which it views as the principal fields of specialization in applied psychology. The guidelines were established as a means of protecting the public interest through selfregulation, but may eventually serve as the basis for specialty credentials. Since APA's definition of organizational/industrial psychology bears a remarkable resemblence to industrial sociology and complex organizations, possi ble use of APA specialty guidelines as the basis for job guidelines and qualifications represents a real threat to sociological practitioners' employment options.

Founded in 1955, the National Association of Social Workers (NASW) has over 90,000 members and, like APA, a chapter in every state. The Association launched a licensing program in 1964 to assure that the public is served by competent people, and to establish a clear understanding of the social work profession. Although NASW first became involved in licensing and certification out of concern for the status of its independent practitioners, its activities soon broadened to cover all aspects of social work. As a result, the Association is currently advocating passage of legislation that would regulate many aspects of sociological practice.

One feature of the NASW program is a model statute, which defines "social work practice" as including: counseling and psychotherapy; provision of general assistance and referral services: explanation of the psychosocial aspects of a situation; helping groups analyze social problems and provide human services; community organizing; social planning and policy formation; resolving and managing conflict; and changing the system. Since all of these activities are also features of sociological practice, social workers' campaign to enact licensing legislation must be viewed as a substantial and direct threat to our professional employment opportunities.

NASW strategy has changed and evolved since the 60s, but its current policy is to favor laws that regulate social work activities, regardless of the title practitioners use. Ideally, distinctions are made between three levels of qualifica-

tion: the "social worker" with a Bachelor's of Social Work degree; the "graduate social worker" with a Master's of Social Work; and the "certified social worker" who has an MSW plus two years of specialized experience. In addition, licensure laws should also recognize independent clinical practice and cover not only private, but also public sector work settings. In fact, most existing laws do not cover the public sector, and both federal and state regulations define educational qualifications for social service positions broadly, especially at the entry level. Moreover, there is resistance to restricting access to jobs in public agencies because doing so would limit the number of available employees and, as a consequence, tend to raise their salaries.

During the first half of 1983, a spate of social work legislation was passed. As of October, laws had been passed in four states and the Virgin Islands, which means that 29 states and two territories currently regulate social work practice. Further, laws are close to passage in six other states (i.e., Ohio, Georgia, South Carolina, Illinois, Alaska and Vermont). Of the already enacted laws, 17 deal with licensure. The remaining 14 involve registration, which means that only the use of the title "social worker" is regulated, but not specific activities. Among the 17 states with licensing laws, 11 require a BSW degree for the first

level of qualification, and of these, Arkansas, Idaho, Kansas, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Utah regulate public, as well as private, sector employment. In these seven states, therefore, the job opportunities of BA graduates in sociology may be severely restricted. Should regulation of public employment spread to the more populous states with social work licensing laws, and should the legislation be narrowly interpreted, the employment possibilities currently linked to the undergraduate sociology major could be seriously eroded

To be granted a social work license, applicants must generally have two to five years of professional experience and a BSW or MSW degree. At the Bachelor's level, applicants can usually qualify for the written examination required for licensure if they have a BA degree plus course work equivalent to that usually required in a social work curriculum and two years of experience. As is the case with psychology, NASW's model licensing act provides exemptions for a number of professions. Doctors, psychologists, lawyers, marriage and family counselors, and clergy fall in this category, but sociologists do not.

Council Discussion

Much of the Council discussion of the report summarized above, revolved around the rela-See ASA page 5

Volunteers Needed to Monitor Licensing Issues in Each State

At its most recent meeting, ASA Council decided to appoint one or more ASA members in each of the 50 states to act as the Association's monitor or representative with regard to licensing issues. Monitors will be responsible for keeping track of current and pending legislation, as well as of the hiring guidelines of public agencies that employ sociologists. Should laws or regulations be promulgated that run counter to the profession's interests, the monitor will be responsible for alerting colleagues and orchestrating opposition. By the same token, support would be organized for desirable policies and procedures. Whenever possible, ASA will provide state membership lists, the names of sociologists in other states who have dealt with similar problems, and expert testimony when it is deemed appropriate.

Volunteers are being sought to serve as state monitors. Criteria for selection include knowledge of state government, contacts with local legislators, and familiarity with the issues surrounding licensure. Anyone who is interested in serving, should send a brief statement outlining their qualifications, along with their name, address and telephone number to: Bettina Huber, ASA, 1722 N Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

In addition to appointing state monitors, the Executive Office is compiling a list of people interested in the becoming involved in ad hoc coalitions which will be formed periodically to foster or oppose specific licensing legislation and state hiring regulations. If you would like to be included in such a grouping in your state, please send your name and address to Bettina Huber at the ASA Executive Office.

SOCIOLOGICAL INQUIRY

SPECIAL ISSUE: SOCIOLOGY OF THE ENVIRONMENT Spring/Summer 1983, Volume 53, Number 2/3

Editor: James K. Skipper, Jr.

Sociological Inquiry announces a special issue on environmental sociology, an area of growing significance in the 1980s.

Eleven high quality articles are included in this issue:

What Environmental Sociologists have in Common - Whether Concerned with "Built" or "Natural Environments" by Riley E. Dunlap and William R. Catton, Jr.

A Change in Academic Environmental Thought: From Paradigms to Ideology by Douglas R. Satterfield

Energetic Theories of Society: An Evaluative Review by Eugene Rosa and Gary E. Machlis

The Environmental Movement and the Left: Antagonists or Allies? by Richard P. Gale

Redistributive Goals versus Distributive Politics: Social Equity Limits in Environmentalism and Appropriate Technology Movements by Allan Schnaiberg

Soft Tech/Hard Tech, Hi Tech/Lo Tech: A Social Movement Analysis of Appropriate Technology by Denton E. Morrison

Ideological Themes in the Antinuclear Movement: Consensus and Diversity by Anthony E. Ladd, Thomas C. Hood, and Kent D. Van Liere

Solid Waste Sites and the Black Houston Community by Robert D. Bullard

Community by Design by Karen A. Franck

Urban Images: A Social Psychological Approach by Donald C. Reitzes

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Ogburn Puzzle: What to Do about Science....about Social Action?

by Lawrence J. Rhoades

Throughout his career William Fielding Ogburn was "most troubled" by two problems that continue to perplex many sociologists today—"what to do about social action and what to do about science"

How the director of research for the President's Research Committee on Social Trends addressed these problems was described by Barbara Laslett, University of Minnesota, during the symposium at the National Academy of Sciences in November that commemorated publication of the monumental Recent Social Trends in the United States in early 1933.

More commonly known as the "Ogburn Report", the publication is a landmark in applying the knowledge and methods of the social and behavioral sciences to a full range of national concerns.

Laslett is studying Ogburn and his approach to these problems to "advance our understanding of the relationship between social knowledge, social action and social change".

Source

The problems confronting Ogburn are the same ones that face sociologists today who have a dual-interest in building sociology as a science and making our world a better place to live.

Ogburn seems to be plagued by these perennial problems because of his intellectual interest in and his theoretical orientation to social change. He believed that material factors, especially technology, were primary causes of social change.

He reasoned that a cultural lag existed in societies because mechanical inventions were produced faster than social institutions could adjust to them; therefore, material culture consistently created demands that social institutions could not meet.

He proposed to reduce this lag by speeding up the rate of social inventions by developing quantitative social sciences that could produce verifiably "reliable and precise" scientific knowledge about practical social problems. In other words, the social sciences would provide the knowledge base for social inventions just as the natural sciences provide the knowledge base for mechanical inventions.

A colleague, economist Welsey Mitchell, asked Ogburn a question about his solution that has become increasingly pertinent ever since:

"Isn't it quite conceivable that the development of quantitative methods in the social sciences may lead to changes scarcely less mementous than those which followed the application of physics and chemistry to the productive processes?"

What about Science?

Ogburn had very definite views on science which he revealed in his presidential address to the American Sociological Society in 1929, the year the President's Research Committee was organized:

"Sociology as a science is not interested in making the world a better place in which to live, in encouraging beliefs, in spreading information, in dispensing news, in setting forth impressions of life, in leading the multitudes or in guiding the ship of state. Science

is interested directly in one thing only, to wit, discovering new knowledge..."

In 1947, Ogburn also expressed an opinion on scientific writing. He wrote, "...scientific writing has one goal, clarity. Clarity depends upon several properties such as precision and definiteness. The purpose of scientific writing is not to be entertaining, not to be erudite, not to be impressive, and not to persuade. The object of scientific exposition is to transmit knoweldge. All research in science deals with data, and most data should be summarized in categories—hence statistics."

Statistics were central to how sociology as a science should be practiced according to Ogburn, who viewed the role of social statistician as "the most exact of the scientific activities of a scientist in the social field."

But, as Laslett pointed out, Ogburn was aware of their limitations. At one point he wrote, "Statistics as one scientific method seems to have certain limitations as an agent of discovery. Some discoveries are made by statistics, of course. But the role of statistics is often that of making more exact what is already known."

Although Óbgurn placed great value on statistics, he never became an expert statistician. Laslett found a journal entry written in 1952, one year after his retirement from Chicago, that offers an explanation with regrets:

planation with regrets:
"My worship of statistics has a
somewhat religious nature. If I
want to worship, to be loyal, to be
devoted, then statistics was the
answer for me, my God...I wonder would I have been content to
have been only a very good statistician; and to be a good one, all
one's effort and attention is
needed. I doubt it. My work in
technology and social change and
social evolution give me much intellectual pleasure and many

thrills. Yet I regret keenly that the march of statistics has passed me by."

What about Social Action?

His expertise in statistics may have never fully developed because as a young student he entered Columbia University to do his "bit toward making the world with which I came in contact a better place in which to live" and never relinquished this early commitment to social action even though he resolved to do so at one point in his career.

Ogburn, however, did recognize the difference between science and social action. Samuel Stouffer, a former student of Ogburn's, made the following statement at Ogburn's memorial service in 1959:

"He carefully and repeatedly sought to keep separate the intellectual activities which he called science from those which he called wisdom. Unless the question 'How do you know it?' could be answered or put in a form susceptible of an answer, the topic under discussion was not scientific, as he saw it."

Laslett also cites a segment of Ogburn's retirement address where the murky relationship between science and social action is explicitly addressed:

... in many trips to Washington, around the White House, the Department of the Interior, or the Department of Commerce, I have never considered my advice was scientific. Though I made use of what scientific knowledge I possessed. I could see that science was not the same as wisdom, nor as understanding. Nor was it control. Nor did the value lie merely in a system, whose appearance I have often thought is largely aesthetic. Nor yet policy formation. Science could be of use though in reaching wisdom, in under-

See Ogburn page 6

ASA Council Takes Action on Certification

(continued from page 4)

tive merits of general certification versus certification by sub-field or specialty (e.g., social psychology, survey and evaluation research, etc.). The virtue of the former. some argued, is that it allows one to proceed in the least offensive and non-restrictive manner. Rather than defensively opposing the efforts of other social sciences to establish exclusive jurisdiction over "their turf" by trying to mark out a piece of it for ourselves, general certification would allow ASA to dilute the meaning of the whole concept of exclusive domain. Conferring the title of "certified sociologist" provides a posi-tive tool to ASA members defending against the claim that they are practicing psychology or social work, yet does not prevent anyone from using the title "sociologist". Moreover, it might not be wise, some Council members suggested, for ASA to venture into specialty certification at a time when there is an effort to get away from restrictive definitions. On the other hand, general

certification may not be sufficient because it does not deal with the specialized tasks sociologists are asked to perform. In contrast, certification by sub-field provides clear standards for all to follow, according to a number of Council members. Although it raises difficult questions and dilemmas, it might be the more credible approach. Specialty certification, it was said, would require an examination of all sociological subfields in an effort to see how ASA can assist sociologists in certain areas of practice to maximize their job opportunities. Certification standards ought to be developed first in those sub-fields that are in most urgent need of them, and with an eve toward protecting those sociologists who are already

engaged in practice.

In addition to debating the virtues of general and specialty certification, Council discussed the need to monitor legislation at the state level. This was deemed an important project and it was proposed that ASA members in various states be given the responsibility for keeping track of relevant legislative activites and state agency policies. When necessary, coalitions might be organized to oppose or support statutory and policy change. Council also considered the advisability to setting up a committee to investigate the pros and cons of departmental accreditation, but took no action on the matter.

Council Action

After extended discussion of the issues alluded to above, Council took the following actions:

1. Authorized the President of ASA, along with a delegation of his/her choice, to initiate a dialogue with the President and/or Council of the American Psychological Association and the National Association of Social Workers. The purpose of this dialogue is to draw these organizations' attention to the implications of their licensing laws for sociologists, and it is to be initiated by a general statement reiterating the fact that scientific groups are designed not only to develop a single discipline, but also to cooperate with, and assist, each other.

Encouraged both ASA members and other social scientists to investigate the consequences of certification and licensure for the development of the social and behavioral sciences. In particular, the need for such research is to be brought to the attention of appropriate committees and sections of the National Science Foundation,

the National Academy of Sciences, the Social Science Research Council and other relevant organizations.

3. Directed the President and Executive Officer to convene a meeting in San Antonio in August to discuss means of monitoring licensing legislation on a state level. Representatives of all state and regional associations will be invited, as will representatives of sister organizations such as SSSP.

4. Directed the Executive Office to appoint monitors on a state by state basis between now and August. These monitors will have the responsibility of tracking licensing legislation in their states and evaluating the employment guidelines used by public agencies. The monitors are to be invited to attend the strategy meeting outlined in #3 above.

5. Authorized the ASA Executive Office to establish a Clearinghouse on Licensing Issues with the task of collecting relevant information for the use of ASA state monitors and other interested sociologists.

6. Established a Certification Committee, whose five to seven members will be appointed by the ASA President. The committee is to prepare a report for the August, 1984 Council meeting dealing with two issues: a plan for establishing an ASA program designed to confer the title of "certified sociologist"; and an assessment of the feasibility of establishing specialty certification in several sociological sub-fields. The latter should be identified, and where possible, certification standards developed. In addition, the Committee was directed to assess the desirability of providing certification for various degree levels (i.e., BA, MA,

Nominations Requested For ASA Awards

DuBois-Johnson-Frazier Award

This biennial award was created to honor the intellectual traditions and contributions of W.E.B. DuBois, Charles S. Johnson, and E. Franklin Frazier. It will be made either to sociologists for outstanding contributions in the tradition of these scholars, or to an academic institution for its work in assisting the development of scholarly efforts in the same tradition. It is not intended to be an award for a single book. Send nominations to: William J. Wilson, Department of Sociology, University of Chicago, 1126 East 59th Street, Chicago, IL 60637. Nominations deadline is May 1, 1984.

Award for a Career of Distinguished Scholarship

This annual award honors scholars who have shown outstanding commitment to the profession of sociology and whose cumulative work contributed to the advancement of the discipline. Award recipient(s) will be announced at the ASA Annual Meeting and will receive a certificate of recognition. Members of the Association or other interested parties may submit nominations to: Charles M. Bonjean, Hogg Foundation for Mental Health, University of Texas, Austin, TX 78712. Nominations deadline is May 1, 1984.

Award for Distinguished Contributions to Teaching

This award is given annually to honor outstanding contributions to the undergraduate and/or graduate teaching and learning of sociology. The award may recognize either a career contribution or a specific product, such as a textbook, course curricular innovations, or technique. The award may recognize an individual or an effort by a department, school, or other collective actor. The recipient will be announced at the ASA Annual Meeting and will receive a certificate of recognition. Members of the Association or other interested parties may submit nominations to: Reece McGee, RRI, Box 225, Monon, IN 47959. Nominations deadline is June 1, 1984.

OBSERVING

The February 10, 1984 issue of COSSA Washington Update contains a report prepared by Executive Director Roberta Balstad Miller, which reviews budget allocations back to the 1980-81 Fiscal Year, and presents President Reagan's proposed budgets for 1985. It also offers summary and analysis, and a proposal for the future. (To purchase copies at \$2.00 each, write to: COSSA, 1755 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20036).

The ČOSSA report documents the uneven, ofter erratic patterns of support for the social sciences, especially as compared to other sciences. Some areas have been treated badly in the short term, that is, for 1985 (i.e, FIPSE, NIMH, NCES, NIA), while others have been treated badly over the past five years (e.g., ASPE, HUD-PD&R, NEH and, within NFS, the Biobehavioral Sciences Programs, including sociology). Modest increases for some of the latter for 1985 still leave them below the 1981 dollar levels, without even taking inflation into account. Again, NFS MATH/Physical Sciences funding has increased by 84% in the last five years, while the social science programs are still 10% below their 1981 level. At the same time, research budgets for agencies and programs that are important to the Administration, like defense or alcohol and drug abuse, received substantial increases for 1985.

The pattern is not entirely consistent and there are some anomalies. For example, while the Administration is threatening to dismantle the Department of Labor's National Longitudinal Surveys, considered to be one of the most successful and important scientific data bases in the country, it is giving strong support to the social sciences for the development of scientific data bases. Thus, the 24% increase proposed for the NSF Sociology Program is almost entirely marked for the General Social Surveys. Such emphasis on data bases to the detriment of funds for individual research projects may well be misguided and is bound to be harmful to the pursuit of scientific knowledge. Efforts will be made to oppose budget proposals that threaten research and training programs that have proven their worth over time. (A good example are the programs within the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention).

In the past, Congress has successfully opposed many of the budget cuts proposed by the Reagan Administration, and may do so again for FY 1985. However, this is an election year and the nation is facing growing deficits, thus making it more difficult to achieve the kinds of gains that are necessary to provide a better balance of support for important research programs. But beyond the immediate problem of maintaining programs, and avoiding the almost capricious cuts that have been proposed by the Reagan Administration, there is the more important issue of finding a way to gain broad support for a coherent policy for long-term development of social science research. As Miller makes clear in her report, what is needed is "a policy that would encompass the research and management needs of the federal government, research priorities defined by the development of the sciences, secure social science data bases, and effective research management practices across agencies. Only in this way can we hope to direct the research resources of the nation to areas of greatest need, and at the same time develop the kinds of long-term research commitments that these problems demand. Clearly, the social sciences in themselves must confront the need to develop research priorities in a systematic, coordinated manner. Meanwhile, we must continue to improve our relations with Congress, and help it to see the value of a more coherent long-term policy. In 1984 this will not be easy.—WVD

Letter to Editor

Irving Louis Horowitz's view that there should be a Nobel Prize for social science may be valid for Horowitz, since after Shils and Coser and a few others have gotten their's, he might be in line to win it himself. But has he considered the problems that would be raised for the rest of us, the middle-bell curve social scientists?

Each year, as the Nobel prizes are awarded and I pass a physicist or a chemist in the hallway, I can sense that note of despondency. Nothing is said, but everyone knows. He hasn't won it again. Each year he feels once again like an Ohio wine: good, but not great. He's a decent chemist, with a respectiable list of publications and a few unique discoveries but, you know, not in the Nobel class.

Or there are the characters in C.P. Snow novels, all of whom seem to have Nobels. They seem to be in English fiction about what PhDs are in America. There is even a novel in which it is observed that a character got his

Nobel "rather late". I can see his wife, during a family argument, saying "well, you didn't get your Nobel until you were 52, while Charles Smythe got his when he was 46, and he comes from a Redbird High Smyther Smythe Smythe

Then what about unfortunates like James Watson who get their Nobels at 25? What can they do for an encore? They're sort of like great athletes doing Miller's commercials

Sociologists have none of these problems. We give our papers and write our books, and get good and bad reviews, but we don't have to fade into the plaster when the Nobels come out.

The Balzan prize is perfect. The winner gets a lot of money, and the local newspapers and FOOT-NOTES explain that it is the sociological equivalent of the Nobel Prize. But no one says of us: "he's a decent sociologist, but you know, not in the Balzan class."

Matthew Melko Wright State University

Ogburn Urged Federal Support Of Social Sciences

(continued from page 5)

standing, and in exercising control, and in making policies."

Although most of Ogburn's social action involved the relationship between the federal government and the larger society, some of his efforts were aimed at obtaining support from the federal government for the social sciences.

In testimony before the Senate Subcommittee on War Mobilization which was considering the establishment of the National Science Foundation he said, "a government that supports invention or discovery has a responsibility to support social science research to solve the resulting problems."

As Laslett pointed out, this position was consistent with the theoretical orientation to social change he held throughout his career

How he eventually handled the conflict between science and social action was revealed in a passage quoted by Laslett from his retirement address:

"... the key to the solution I worked out for myself...I turned with admiration to the schizophrene."

Member Contributions

ASA members continue to make voluntary contributions to the Association. Although most members send in their contributions with their annual dues, contributions can be made at anytime and in a variety of forms. Most contributions are in cash, but some members have assigned their reprint permission fees or royalties on their books to the Association. These contributions have been allocated to the Consortium of Social Science Associations, the Fund for the Advancement of the Discipline, the Minority Fellowship Program, the Teaching Endowment Fund, and the Association's general fund. The following list includes the names of the members who made contributions during November and December, 1983. The names of additional contributors will be published in a future issue of FOOTNOTES.

These contributions are acknowledged with thanks.

Jack W. Rilev Matilda W. Riley Nancy F. Russo H. Jay Shaffer Laure M. Sharp Louise I. Shelley Henry S. Shryock, Jr George E. Simpson Raghubar Singh Paul C. P. Sin Sherwood B. Slater A. Wade Smith Ioel Smith Richard Sobel Roberta M. Spalter-Roth Leo Srole Stephen Steinberg Joyce S. Sterling Donna J. Stienstra Norman W. Storer

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Wellman J. Warner

Coming and Going

In an ongoing effort to enhance contact between North America sociologists and sociologists elsewhere in the world, a listing of both sorts of visitors will appear at irregular intervals in FOOTNOTES. This is a project of the ASAs Committee on World Sociology.

Visiting in North America

Fumie Kumagai, Graduate School of International Relations, International University of Japan will be at the Andrus Gerontology Center, University of Southern California, during the months of February and March 1984 studying the economics of aging. In April he will be at the East-West Population Institute of the East-West Cen-

Hendrik W. van der Merwe, Director, Centre for Intergroup Studies, University of Cape Town, South Africa, will be in the United States in March and April 1984 lecturing at Wilmington, Guilford, and Whittier Colleges, and perhaps elsewhere.

ASA FOOTNOTES

Published monthly except June, July, and September. Distributed to all persons with membership in the ASA. Annual subscriptions to non-members: \$13. Single copy: \$1.50.

Contributions to "Open Forum" should be limited to 800 words; "Obituaries", 600 words; and "Exters to the Editor", 400 words. News items and announcements are due the first of the month of publication (e.g., April 1 for May available basis. For purposes of economy, no confirmation of receipt of news items will be sent.

Editor: William V. D'Antonio Associate Editors: Carla Howery, Bettina Huber, Lawrence J. Rhoades. Secretary: Theodore Caplow

Send communications on material, subscriptions, and advertising to: American Sociological Association, 1722 N Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036; (202) 833-3410.

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Going Abroad

Lawrence Busch and William B. Lacy, University of Kentucky, will be in Brazil in March. They will help Brazilian sociologists design a study of agricultural research in Brazil.

Rabel J. Burdge, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, will be Visiting Professor, University of Wageningen, the Netherlands, from April through August 1984. He will teach sociology of the environment, energy, and leisure and social impact assessment courses.

John N. Edwardsand Patricia Klobus Edwards, Virginia Polytechnic and State University, will be visiting research scientists with the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization in Melbourne, Australia from January through June 1984. They will be continuing their research on some of the effects of the built-environment.

Helen Fein will be at the Technische Universitat Berlin through August 1984 teaching and editing a volume on anti-Semitism. She is available to speak on genocide in the post-Holocaust era.

Edward Lehman, SUNY-Brockport, is Honorary Research Fellow, University of Exeter, England, for the 1983-1984 academic year. He is pursuing research into English attitudes toward the recruitment of women into the ministry.

Peter K. Manning, Michigan State University, has been named a Senior Research Fellow at Wolfson College, Oxford, England, for the period April 1984 through March 1986. He will be engaged in an analysis of the regulation of nuclear power installations.

William B. Sanders, San Diego State University, will be at the Institute of Criminology, Cambridge, England, as a visiting scholar for the winter term. He will be doing research on gang delinquency.

Herm Smith, University of Missouri-St. Louis, will be Doshisha University, Kyoto, Japan, from July 1984 to July 1985 studying the Japanese selfconcept in relation to the learning of English as a second language.

Gordon F. Sutton, University of Massachusetts, Amherst is Honorary Research Fellow, University of Exeter, England, for the period January-June 1984. He will be writing on social policy planning and discussing population issues with the Exeter Institute of Population Studies.

Please send information on traveling sociologists—including dates, areas of specialization, and institutional affiliations—to: Richard F. Tomasson, Department of Sociology, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM 87131.

Classified Ads

For sale by whole lot, no single issues or years: Am. Soc. Rev. 1950-83, 204 issues, \$408; Contemp. Soc. 1972-75 & 1979-83, 60 issues, \$60; Soc. Abstracts 1979-83, 60 issues, \$60; Soc. Abstracts 1954-67, 14 years, \$140; Inl. Hilb. & Hum. Beh. 1960-66, 27 issues, \$27; (Fall '60 missing), Inl. Hilb. & Soc. Beh. 1967-80, 56 issues, \$56: All Collections for \$600. Shipping charges COD. W.L. Johnson, 6 Merle Lane, Massapequa Park, NY 11762. Phone: (516)541-4069.

I can help you with your article, book, or paper. Expert editing for style, clarity, mechanics. Experienced in sociological material. Karen Feinberg, 5755 Nahant, Cincinnati, OH 45224; (513) 542-8328.

Minorities and Women

 A new report, Who Will Do Science?, examines minority and women's representation among degree recipients in what are referred to as "quantitative fields" (i.e., physical sciences, mathematics, computer sciences, biological sciences, engineering and economics). Prepared for the Rockefeller Foundation by Sue E. Berryman of Rand, the report tracks choices made by students at various points in their educational careers. It finds that a pool of science talent begins to appear in elementary school and reaches its maximum size during the high school years. After high school, the pool starts to diminish. Among women, the greatest attrition occurs at the doctoral level. Moreover, women's recent gains in number of science degrees granted, are due entirely to their increasing presence in higher education and not to a higher proportion studying sci-

According to the Berryman report, there are few gender differences in mathematical achievement up to the ninth grade, but the fact that girls take fewer mathematics electives than boys results in lower mathematics achievement by the end of high school. As a result, fewer women major in science in college or attain the PhD. Hispanics, blacks and American Indians each display different patterns of field choice and attrition, but are also impeded by inadequate high school preparation.

• Participation of Black Students in Higher Education: A Statistical Profile from 1970-71 to 1980-81 is a new report from the National Center for Education Statistics. It reveals that during the first half of the 1970s there was a large increase in black college enrollments. As a result, blacks accounted for 10% of the full-time college enrollment, which is equivalent to their percentage of high school graduates aged 18-24. During the second half of the 1970s, black college participation failed to in-crease, even though the number of black high school graduates rose by almost 20%. As a percent of full-time undergraduate students, blacks were 6.8% in 1970, 10.3% in 1976, but only 10.2% in 1980. In terms of BA degrees granted, blacks accounted for 6.4% in 1976 and 6.5% in 1981. Women accounted for all of this very slight gain, as the number of BAs granted to them increased 8%, while it dropped 4% for black men. Moreover, in 1981, graduates of traditionally black institutions still accounted for over half of the black BA recipients in the 20 states where they are located, while at other universities and colleges blacks received less than 5% of all BA degrees

At the post-graduate level, black enrollment declined between the early 1970s and 1976, and degree production increased little, if at all, during the second half of the decade. In 1976 blacks received 6.6% of the MAs granted and 3.6% of the PhDs, while by 1981 the figures were 5.8% and 3.9% respectively. The slight gains at the PhD level were again confined to women. Degree awards rose by 29% among them, while they dropped 10% among black men during the late 70s.

• The University of Oregon Foundation has received three and a half million dollars from the estate of William Harris and Jane Grant for the study of women. Ms. Grant is the founder of the Lucy Stone League, which was active from the 1920s to the 1950s. At present, the Center for the Study of Women in Society, which is centered in the Sociology Department, is using a portion of the money for a Visiting Scholar Program for 1984-85. One award of up to \$25,000 will be made to a beginning or established scholar working on issues of feminist theory.

The recipient will reside in Eugene for the academic year and will conduct his/her own reseach, give two public lectures and teach an upper division course. Applications are due April 15, and should include a curriculum vita, a research proposal and a seminar syllabus. For further information contact: Joan Acker, Director, Center for the Study of Women in Society, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR 97403; (503) 686-3316.

- The Annotated Guide to Women's Periodicals in the U.S. and Canada lists publications in 29 categories (e.g., education, health, reproductive rights, parenting, Third World women, etc.). Each entry includes a brief annotation and ordering information. The Guide is published in April and October of each year. Individual copies are available for \$6.50, while the subscription price is \$12 per year. For further information contact: Terry Mehlman, 5173 Turner Road, Richmond, IN 47374.
- Women, Education and Employment is an extensive bibliography of periodicals, pamphlets, newspapers and government documents published during the 1970s. The bibliography includes over 2,000 citations and covers a wide range of issues, including education, sex-role stereotyping, and working conditions. The 274-page bibliography is available for \$25, plus \$1.50 to cover postage and handling from: The Shoe String Press, Inc., 995 Sherman Avenue, Hamden, CT 06514.
- The Winter, 1983, issue of Intercambios Femeniles contains a list of resources useful in dealing with the status of minority women in science and engineering. The list contains brief descriptions of publications and projects in various parts of the country, along with the names and addresses of contact persons. For a free copy of the journal issue, write to: Intercambios Feminiles, D.O.S.A., Old Union 323, Stanford, CA 94305.
- Part-Time Work: A Bibliography provides a variety of information about
 the experiences and needs of part-time
 workers. The 12-page bibliography focuses on the 1975-81 period, and is
 available for \$4.95 from: Association of
 Part-time Professionals, P.O. Box
 3419, Alexandria, VA 22302.
- Academic Mentoring for Women Students and Faculty: A New Look at an Old Way to Get Ahead is a new publication put out by the Project on the Status and Education of Women of the Association of American Colleges. Authored by Bernice Sandler and Roberta Hall, the report deals with one of the pervasive problems facing women in higher education: lack of mentors to act as advocates and provide support and guidance. The report outlines the traditional barriers women encounter in seeking mentors, the benefits of having them, and how to go about finding the mentors one needs. In addition, the report includes over a hundred recommendations dealing with topics ranging from how to know whether you need a mentor, to getting the mentor of your choice, to how to be a good mentor. Several model mentoring programs are also outlined. For a copy of the report send \$2 to: Project on the Status and Education of Women, Association of American Colleges, 1818 R Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20009.



Curriculum Innovation

Degree Offered in Emergency Management

A Bachelor's degree program in Emergency Management and Planning that incorporates courses in sociology has been launched by the School of Community Services at North Texas State University.

Originally expected to attract five students during the initial year, the program enrolled 20. A Master's program in the field is under development.

Since NTSU is the only school in the country offering this degree program, the response is coming from off-campus as well as on-campus. State and city governments, private corporations, utility companies, and local, state and national agencies are making inquiries.

"The principal source of our information about course development comes from the Federal Emergency Management Agency," William Luker, Dean of the School of Community Services, said. "We're also getting information from our state emergency management people, who have been extraordinarily cooperative."

The interdisciplinary curriculum includes a first minor of at least 18 semester hours from sociology and psychology, including nine advanced hours.

For further information contact Emergency Administration and Planning Degree Program, School of Community Service, North Texas State University, P.O. Box 5428, Denton, TX 76203-5428; (817) 565-2533.

Vita Summaries Of Minority Sociologists

The ASA Committee on the Status of Racial and Ethnic Minorities is launching a new project: compiling vita summaries of minority sociologists. The Committee plans to send the summaries to committees that nominate people to run for ASA offices, to serve on committees, and to organize sessions at the annual meetings. Some regional societies will also be approached, as will journal editors looking for referees and reviewers. Submitting your vita does not guarantee that you will be selected for these activities, but it is a way of making known your interest in more active participation in the profession.

The committee will accept only a one-page typed, photoready summary with the following information: (1) name; (2) address; (3) current position; (4) areas of interest/ specialization (no more than tĥree); (5) highest degree, date, place; (6) dissertation title; (7) major publications (no more than three); and a list of up to three types of committees on which you would like to serve, with a brief list of your qualifications for each. Summaries should be sent by April 15, 1984, to: Professor Victor Nee, Department of Sociology, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106.

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1984 Candidate Biographies

President-Elect

WILLIAM FORM

Present Position: Professor Emeritus, University of Illinois-Urbana (1971-), and Visiting Professor, Ohio State University (1984-). Former Positions Held: Professor, Michigan State University (1947-71); Associate Professor, Kent State University (1945-47); Instructor, Stevens College (1944-45). Degrees: PhD 1944, University of Maryland; MA 1940, BA 1938, University of Rochester. Publications: "Sociological Research and the American Working Cheef" in S.



the American Working Class" in Sociological Quarterly (1983); "Working-Class Divisions and Political Consensus in France and the United States" in Comparative Social Research, (1981); "Comparative Industrial Sociology and the Convergence Hypothesis" in Annual Review of Sociology (1979); Blue-Collar Stratification (1976); Income and Ideology (co-author, 1973). Honors and Awards: Social Science Research Council Committee on Comparability of Occupational Census Statistics (1981-83); Distinguished Professor Award, Michigan State University (1968): Research Grants from National Research Council, Social Science Research Grants from National Science Foundation, Ford Foundation, Rockefeller Foundation. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Associate Editor of Sociological Quarterly (1976-), Work and Occupations (1974-), and Political Behavior (1976-1981): President, North Central Sociological Classociation (1953). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology (1982-84); Career of Distinguished Scholarship Award Selection Committee (1980-82); Editor, American Sociological Review (1981); ASA Secretary (1975-77); Council Member, Section on Organizations and Occupations (1973-75); ASA Council (1970-72); Committee on Publications (1966-68; Chair, 1968); 1967 Program Committee

ASA CANDIDATES

The information published in this section was supplied by the candidates and each was informed that the submission of a photo was optional.

MATILDA WHITE RILEY

Present Position: Associate Director (Behavioral Sciences Research), National Institute on Aging, National Institutes of Health (1979-). Former Positions Held: Daniel B. Fayerweather Professor of Political Economy and Sociology and Department Chair, Bowdoin College (1973-78); Professor of Sociology and Director of Sociology Laboratory, Rutgers University (1959-73); Professor, New York University (1949-59). Degrees: DSc 1972. Bowdoin College; MA



DSc 1972, Bowdoin College; MA 1937, Harvard University; 1935, University of Vienna; AB 1931, Radcliffe College; Publications: Aging and Society (co-author, 1983); Aging from Birth to Death, 2 volumes (co-author, 1979-82); Aging and Society, 3 volumes (co-author, 1968-72); Sociological Research, 2 volumes (1963); Sociological Studies in Scale Analysis (co-author, 1954). Honors and Awards: Winkelman Lecture, University of Michigan (1983); LHD, Rutgers University (1983); First Annual Award, ASA Section on Sociological Practice (1983); Distinguished Service Award, American Association for Public Opinion Research (1983); Alumnae Award, Radcliffe College (1982); Senior Member, Institute of Medicine, National Academy of Sciences (1978); Fellow, Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences (1978-79); Fellow, American Association for the Advancement of Science (1977); Andrus Award in Social Science (1974); Lindback Award for Research (1970); Phi Beta Kappa Associates (1961); American Marketing Association Re search Award (1946); Phi Beta Kappa (1930). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Co-President, District of Columbia Sociological Society (1984); Member of Aging Board, Hospital Re-search and Educational Trust (1983); Program Chair, Academy of Behavioral Medicine Research (1982); Chair, NIH Committee of Health and Behavior (1982-); Editorial Board, Annual Review of Sociology (1978-82): Chair, Social Science Research Council Committee of the Life Course (1976-79); Chair, AAAS Section on Social Economic and Political Sciences (1977); President, Eastern Sociological Society (1976-77). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: ASA Council (1981-83; Subcommittee on Problems of the Discipline 1981-83, Chair 1983); ASA Vice-President (1974); Committee on the Executive Office and Budget (1969-71); Committee on Regional Affairs (1970); Editorial Board, The American Sociologist (1967-69) Committee on Committees (1969); Committee on Training and Professional Standards (1964-66); Committee on Certification in Social Psychology (1964); ASA Executive Officer (1949-60; Managing Editor, American Sociological Review)

Sciences (1982); Fulbright Fellowships to India (1981, 1966, 1962-63); Guggenheim Fellowship (1973-74). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Board of Directors (Elected), Society for the Study of Social Problems (1983-85); Member, C. Wright Mills Award Committee (1983); Board of Trustees, Law and Society Association (1981-83); Alcohol Advisory Board, San Diego County (1979-); President, Pacific Sociological Association (1977-78); Review Board, National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (1976-80); Associate Editor, American Journal of Sociology (1975-78); Member and sometime Chair, Quality of Life Board, City Council Science Advisors, San Diego Advisors (1970-80); Associate Editor, Social Problems (1962-64). Offices, Committee (Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Career of Distinguished Scholarship Award Selection Committee (1983-85); Chair, Section of Collective Behavior and Social Movements (1982); Committee on Nominations' (1980-81); 1808 Program Committee; 1979 Program Committee; ASA Council (1973-75); Editorial Board, Sociology of Education (1972-74); Committee on Sections (1969-71; Chair, 1970); Committee on the Visiting Scientists Program in Sociology (1966); Editorial Board, American Sociological Review (1963-65).

Council Member-At-Large

CHARLES E. BIDWELL

Present Position: Professor of Sociology and Education, University of Chicago (1961-; Assistant 'Professor to Professor). Former Positions Held: Lecturer on Sociology, Harvard University (1959-61). Degrees: PhD 1956, BA 1950, University of Chicago. Publications: The Structuring of Organizations (co-author, 1984); "Problems of Multilevel Measurement" in Issues in Aggregation (co-author, 1980); "The Sociology of the School and Classroom" in Spreinbeird Therm and Re-



room" in Sociological Theory and Research (1980); "The Structure of Professional Help: Parsons Revisited" in Explorations in General Theory in the Social Sciences (1976); "School District Organization and Student Achievement" in American Sociological Review (co-author, 1975). Honors and Awards: Member, National Academy of Education (1971-); Guggenheim Fellow (1971-72). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Editor, American Journal of Sociology (1973-78); Vice-President, American Educational Research Association (1973-75). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Sociology of Education (Editorial Board, 1983-85; Editor, 1969-72); Section on Sociology of Education (Chair, 1979; Council Member, 1976-78, 1965-66).

Vice President-Elect

ROSE LAUB COSER

Present Position: Professor of Community and Preventive Medicine and Sociology, State University of New York-Stony Brook (1968-); Research Associate, Center for the Social Sciences, Columbia University (1980-). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor to Professor of Sociology/ Anthropology, Northeastern University (1965-68); Research Associate of Psychiatry (1966-68) and Assistant in Sociology to Associate in Psychiatry (1959-66), Harvard Medical School;



Instructor to Assistant Professor of Sociology, Wellesley College. Degrees: PhD 1957, MA 1951, Columbia University. Publications: "Where Have All the Women Gone? Like the Sediment of a Good Wine, They Have Sunk to the Bottom" in Access to Power: Cross-National Studies of Women and Elites (co-editor, 1981); Training in Ambiguity: Learning Through Doing in a Mental Hospital (1978); "The Complexity of Roles as a Seedbed of Individual Autonomy" In The Idea of Social Structure: Essays in the Honor of Robert K. Merton (1975). The Family: Its Structure and Functions (1974); Life in the Ward (1962). Honors and Awards: Fellow, John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation (1979-80); Fellow, Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences (1979-80); Fellow, Clare Hall, Cambridge University (1975-76). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Eastern Sociological Association (President-Elect, 1983-; Chair, Falk Memorial Lectures Committee, 1977-78); Editorial Board Member of Sex Roles: A Journal of Research (1977-), Dissent (1973-), American Journal of Sociology (1972-74). Women's Studies (1971-73), International Journal of Marriage and the Family (1971-); Society for the Study of Social Marriage and the Family (1971-); Society for the Study of Social

Problems (President-Elect to President and Member of Executive Committee, 1972-75). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA. Editorial Board, Contemporary Sociology (1981-83); Distinguished Contribution to Scholarship Award Selection Committee (1980-82); Committee on Professional Ethics (1976-1978; Chair, 1977-78; Committee on Profession, 1978); Committee on Election Procedures (1977-78); Section on Medical Sociology (Chair, 1974; Secretary, 1963-65); ASA Council (1971-73; Laison to Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology, 1971-73; Committee on Resolutions, 1972).

JOSEPH R. GUSFIELD

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, University of California-San Diego (1969-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor to Professor of Sociology, University of Illinois-Urbana (1955-69); Assistant Professor of Sociology and Anthropology, Hobart and William Smith Colleges (1950-55); Instructor to Visiting Assistant Professor of Social Science, University of Chicago College (1949-51, 1951-55 Summers). Degrees: PhD 1954, MA 1949, PhB 1946, University



of Chicago; 1946-47, University of Chicago Law School. Publications: The Culture of Public Problems: Drinking-Driving and the Symbolic Order (1981); Academic Values and Mass Education (coauthor, 1971); Symbolic Crusade: Status Politics and the American Temperance Movement (1963). Honors and Awards: C.H. Cooley Award, Society for the Study of Social Interaction (1983); Fellowship List, Center for Advanced Studies in the Behavioral

FRANCESCA M. CANCIAN

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, University of California-Irvine (1982-). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor of Sociology, University of California-Irvine (1976-82); Assistant Professor of Sociology, Stanford University (1969-76). Assistant Professor of Child Development and Family Relationships, Cornell University (1966-69). Degrees: PhD 1963, Harvard University; RA 1958, Reed College. Publications: "Rapid Social Change: Women Students in



Business Schools" in Sociology and Social Research (1982), "Social Structure and Situations: The Effects of Roles, Actions and Situations on Interpersonal Perception" in Sociological Inquiry (coauthor, 1981); "The Family in Latin America", special issue of Journal of Family History (co-editor, 1978); What are Norms? A Study of Beliefs and Action in a Maya Community (1975), "Functional Analysis of Change" in American Sociological Review (1960). Honors and Awards: Fellow, Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences (1970-71); Postdoctoral Fellow, National Institute of Mental Health (1956-66); Predoctoral Fellow, National Institute of Mental Health (1956-66); Predoctoral Fellow, National Institute of Mental Health (1959-63). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Vice-President, Sociologists for Women in Society (1979-81); Chair, Committee on the Status of Women in the Profession, Pacific Sociological Association (1978-80); Chair, Committee on Sociology, School of Social Sciences, University of California-Irvine (1977-80); Member, Joint Committee on Latin American Studies, Social Science Research Council/American Council on Learned Studies (1974-77). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Council Member, Section on Sociology of the Family (1983-86); Committee on Committees (1981-82); Section on Theoretical Sociology (Secretary, 1978-80); Council Member, 1975-760.

Council (continued)

WILLIAM A. GAMSON

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, Boston College (1982-). Former Positions Held: Professor of Sociology, University of Michigan (1962-82): Research Associate in Social Psychology, Harvard University (1959-62). Degrees: PhD 1959, MA 1956, University of Michigan; BA 1955, Anti-och College. Publications: What's News (1984): Encounters with Unipst Authority (co-author, 1982): Strategy of Social Protest (1975); Untangling the Cold War (co-author, 1971); Power and



Discontent (1968). Honors and Awards: Guggenheim Fellow (1978-79); Sorokin Award (1969); American Association for the Advancement of Science Award (1962). Offices Held in Other Organizations: President, Peace Science Society (1981-82); Chair, Editorial Board, Journal of Conflict Resolution (1969-72); Council, SPSSI (1968-70). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: 1985 Program Committee; Council Member, Section on Collective Behavior and Social Movements (1983-85); Section on Sociology of World Conflict (Chair, 1982; Council Member, 1979-80); ASA Council (1979-81); Committee on Public Policy Publications, 1979; Laisson to Committee on Teaching, 1979-81); Editorial Board, Social Psychology Quarterly (1977-79); Committee on Nominations (1971-72); Section of Social Psychology (Chair, 1972; Secretary, 1965-67).

PAUL C. GLICK

Present Position: Adjunct Professor of Sociology, Arizona State University (1982-). Former Positions Held: Senior Demographer, U.S. Bureau of the Census (1972-81); Assistant Chief for Demographic and Social Statistics (1962-72), Chief of Social Statistics Branch (1949-62), U.S. Bureau of the Census Population Division. Degrees: PhD 1938, MA 1935, University of Wiscnsin-Madison; BA 1933, DePauw University. Publications:



"A Demographic Picture of Black Families" in Black Families (1981); "Children of Divorced Parents in Demographic Perspective" in Journal of Social Issues (1979); "Marrying, Divorcing and Living Together in the U.S. Today" in Population Bulletin (co-author, 1977); Population of the United States, Trends and Prospects: 1950-1990 (1974); Marriage and Divorce: A Social and Economic Study (co-author, 1970). Honors and Awards: Who's Who in America (1978); Stuart A. Rice Award, D.C. Sociological Society (1976); Ernest W. Burgess Award, National Council on Family Relations (1973); Gold Medal Award, U.S. Department of Commerce (1970); Silver Medal Award, U.S. Department of Commerce (1953). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Social Science Research Council Committee on 1980 Census Monograph Program (1980-84); President, National Council on Family Relations (1978-79); President, Population Association of America (1966-67); Coordinator, Census Advisory Committee on Population Statistics (1965-81); President, D.C. Sociological Society. Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Section on Sociology of the Family (Council Member, 1981-83, 1973-75; Chair, 1967); Council Member, Section on Sociology of Population (1978-80); Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology (1970-72); Committee on the Executive Office and Budget (1968-70); ASA Council (1965-67).

BARBARA HEYNS

Present Position: Professor of Sociology and Director of Center for Applied Social Science Research, New York University (1980-); Visiting Scholar, Russell Sage Foundation (1983-84). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor of Sociology, University of California-Berkeley (1972-82); Visiting Associate Professor, Harvard University (1979-80); Assistant Professor of Education, Harvard University (1970-72). De-



grees: PhD 1971, MA 1969, University of Chicago; BA 1966, University of Chicago; BA 1966, University of California-Berkeley. Publications: The Mandarius of Childhood: Toward a Theory of Children's Services (1984); "Compulsory Schooling and Social Inequality" in Reconsidering Education for Adolescents (1983); "Influence of Parent's Work on Children's School Achievement" in Families That Work (1982); "The Cognitive Tests for High School and Beyond: An Assessment" in Sociology of Education (1980); Summer Learning and the Effects of Schooling (1979). Honors and Awards: Sorokin Award (co-recipient, 1974). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Executive Committee, Eastern Sociological Society (1983-85); Director, New York City Area Study and Consortium for University Research (1983-84); Yale Council, Committee on the Social Sciences-Behavioral (1982-85); Editorial Board, Research in

Social Stratification and Mobility. Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on Committees (1983-84; Chair, 1984); Committee on Regulation of Research (1982-84); Council Member, Section of Sociology of Education (1978-80); Editorial Board, Sociology of Education (1976-78).

ROBERT B. HILL

Present Position: Senior Research Associate and Assistant Director, Bureau of Social Science Research, Inc. (1981-). Former Positions Held: Part-time Lecturer of Afro-American Studies, University of Maryland-College Park (1983-); Director of Research, National Urban League (1969-81); Visiting Lecturer, Howard University (1977-78). Degrees: PhD 1969, Columbia University; BA 1961, City College of New York. Publications: "The Polls and Ethnic Minor-



ities" in ANNALS (1984); Economic Policies and Black Progress (1981); Discrimination and Minority Youth Unemployment (1980); Estimating the 1970 Census Undercount for States and Local Areas (1973); The Strengths of Black Families (1971). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Member. Social Science Research Council Advisory Group on Child and Family Indicators (1981-82); Member, National Academy of Science Committee on Child Development Research and Public Policy (1977-81); President, District of Columbia Sociological Society (1975-76); Chair and Member, U.S. Bureau of the Census (1974-80). Offices, Committee Orthe 1980 Census (1974-80). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on the Minority Fellowship Program (1982-84; Chair, 1983-84); Committee on National Statistics (1981-83); Committee on the Status of Racial and Ethnic Minorities in Sociology (1973-75); Committee on Public Information (1972-73).

JOHN D. KASARDA

Present Position: Professor and Chair of Department of Sociology, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill (1976-). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor, Florida Atlantic University (1974-76); Assistant Professor, University of Chicago (1971-74). Degrees: PhD 1971, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill; MBA 1968, BS 1967, Cornell University. Publications: "Entry Level Jobs, Mobility and Urban Minority Employment" in Urban Minority Employment.



ployment," in Urban Affairs Quarterly (1983); "Caught in the Web of Change" in Society (1983); "New Skills for New Roles" in Society (1982); "Community Structure in Response to Growth and Decline" in American Sociological Review (1981); Contemporary Urban Sociology (1977). Honors and Awards: Elected Member, Sociological Research Association (1980). Offices Held in Other Organizations: General Secretary, International Sociological Association Research Committee on Social Ecology (1983-87); Advisory Board, Sociological Abstracts (1983-); Chair, Committee on the Profession, Southern Sociological Society (1982-83); National Science Foundation Sociology Panel (1979-80); Editorial Boards of Social Forces, Sociological Methods and Resarch, Urban Affairs Quarterly (1975-83); Editorial Board and Book Review Editor, American Journal of Sociology (1971-75). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Career of Distinguished Scholarship Award Selection Committee (1983-85); 1979 Program Committee; Council Member, Section on Community (1977-79); 1978 Program Committee; Council Member, Section on Sociology of Population (1976-77).

STANLEY LIEBERSON

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, University of California-Berkeley (1983-). Former Positions Held: Professor of Sociology, University of Arizona (1974-83); Professor of Sociology, University of Chicago (1971-74); Professor of Sociology, University of Chicago (1971-74); Professor of Sociology, University of Washington (1967-71). Degrees: PhD 1960, MA 1958, University of Chicago. Publications: Language Diversity and Language Contact (1981); A Piece of the Pie (1980); Language and Ethnic Relations in Canada



(1970); Metropolis and Region in Transition (co-author, 1970); Ethnic Patterns in American Cities (1963). Honors and Awards: Fellow, American Academy of Arts and Sciences (1983); Hollingshead Lecture, Yale University (1983); ASA Distinguished Contribution to Scholarship Award (1982); Claude Bissell Distinguished Visiting Professorship, University of Toronto (1979-80); Guggenheim Fellowship (1972-73); Colver-Rosenberger Educational

Prize, University of Chicago (1960). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Vice President-Elect, Pacific Sociological Association (1980). President, Sociological Research Association (1980-81); Sociology Advisory Committee, National Science Foundation (1978-81); Committee on Sociolinguistics, Social Science Research Council (1964-70); Board of Directors, Population Association of America (1969-72). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: DuBois-Johnson-Frazier Award Selection Committee (1978-81); Committee on Government Statistics (1970-73); Committee on Hublications (1971-73) Chair, 1972); Program Committee (1971).

Committee on Publications

ARLENE KAPLAN DANIELS

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, Northwestern University (1975), Former Positions Held: Chief, Center for Study of Women in Society, Scientific Analysis Corporation (1970-75); Associate Professor of Sociology, San Francisco State College (1966-70); Research Associate, Mental Research Institute (1961-66). Degrees: PhD 1960, MA 1954, BA 1952, University of California-Berkeley. Publications: Women and Trade Unions in Eleven Industrialized Countries



ico-editor, 1984); Women and Work (co-editor, 1982); Education: Stratigacket or Opportunity? (co-editor, 1980); Hearth and Home (co-editor, 1978), Academics on the Line (co-editor, 1970). Honors and Awards: Ford Foundation Fellowship (1975); Social Science Research Council Faculty Research Fellowship (1970); National Institute of Mental Health Postdoctoral Fellowship (1970); National Institute of Social Problems (1981-82); Trustee, Business and Professional Women's Foundation (1980-); Publications Committee, Midwest Sociological Society (1977-79); Member, National Institute of Medicine (1974-79); Editor, Social Problems (1984-8); President, Sociologists for Women in Society (1974-76). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Contemporary Sociology (1981-83); ASA Council (1980-82); Liaison to Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology, Committee on Regulation of Research, and Committee on the Profession); Chair, Section of Sociology of Sex and Gender (1979); Editorial Board, Sociology of Education (1973-75).

PAUL DIMAGGIO

Present Position: Associate Professor, Yale University (1982-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor, Yale University (1979-82). Degrees: Pho 1979, MA 1977. Harvard University; BA 1971. Swarthmore College. Publications: "The Iron Cage Revisited" in American Sociological Review (co-author, 1983); "Cultural Capital and School Success" in American Sociological Review (1982); "Cultural Entrepreneurship in Nineteenth-Century Boston" Parts I



and II, in Media, Culture, and Society (1982); "The Arts in Class Reproduction" in Cultural and Economic Reproduction in Education (co-author, 1981). Honors and Awards: Fellowship, Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences (1984-85); National Science Foundation Graduate Fellowship (1974-78). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Contributing Editor, Theory and Society (1983-); Member and Second Vice-Chair, Connecticut (State) Commission on the Arts (1983-); Program Co-Chairperson, Eastern Sociological Society (1981); Contributing Editor, Working Papers for a New Society (19778-28); Co-Chair, Editorial Board, Harvard Educational Review (1975-76). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: 1985 Program Committee; Editorial Board, Sociology of Education (1984-86); Eastern Section Newsletter Editor, Section on Organizations and Occupations (1983-84).

CHARLES H. PAGE

Present Position: Robert M. MacIver Professor (Emeritus) of Sociology, University of Massachusetts-Amherst (1968-75). Former Positions Held: Provost, Adlai E. Stevenson College, and Professor of Sociology, University of California-Santa Cruz (1965-68); Professor of Sociology and Chair of Department, Princeton University (1960-65); Professor of Sociology and Chair of Department, Smith College (1946-60). Degrees: PhD 1940, Columbia University; AB 1931.



Publications (continued)

University of Illinois. Publications: Fifty years in the Sociological Enterprise: A Lucky Journey (1982); Sport and Society (co-author, 1973); Class and American Sociology (1969); Sociology and Contemporary Education (1964); Society: An Introductory Analysis (co-author, 1949). Honors and Awards: Merit Award, Eastern Sociological Society (1975); Robert H. MacIver Professor of Sociology, University of Massachusetts (1973-); Honorary Fellow, Adlai E. Stevenson College, University of California-Santa Cruz (1967-). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Society for the Study of Social Problems (Chair, Publications Committee, 1967-68; Executive Committee, 1959-60); Commission in Human Relations, Santa Cruz, California (1966-68); Eastern Sociological Society (President, 1965-66; Vice-President, 1956-57); Senior Advisory Editor in Sociology, Random House, Inc. (1955-80); Advisory Editor in Sociology and Anthropology, Doubleday & Company, Inc. (1953-55); Field Secretary, National Refugee Service (1940-41). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Rase Monograph Series (1981-83); ISA Travel Grants Committee (1978); Committee on Publications (1974-75, 1961-64); Committee on Feasibility of Archives (1971-72); Committee on Nominations (1968-69); Committee on Organizational Relationships (1964-66); MacIver Award Selection Committee (1963-65); Editor, American Sociological Review (1958-60); ASA Council (1955-60; Executive Committee, 1958-60).

BARRIE THORNE

Present Position: Associate Professor of Sociology, Michigan State University (1971-). Former Positions Held: Visiting Professor of Sociology and inist Studies, Stanford University (1982-83); Visiting Associate Professor of Sociology, University of California-Santa Cruz (1981-82). De-California-Santa Cruz (1701-02). Degrees: PhD 1971, MA 1967, Brandeis University; BA 1964, Stanford University. Publications: Language, Gentleman der and Society (co-editor, 1983);



Rethinking the Family: Some Feminist Questions (editor, 1982); "'You Still Takin' Notes?' Fieldwork and Problems of Informed Consent" in Social Problems (1980); "Review Essay: Language and Communication" in Signs (co-author, 1978); "Protest and the Problem of Credibility: Uses of Knowledge and Risk-Taking in the Draft Resistance Movement of the 1960's" in Social Problems (1975). Offices Held in Other Organizations: Associate Editor, Urban Life (1983-); Signs: Journal of Women in Culture and Society (Editorial Board, 1983-; Guest Associate Editor, 1982-83); Editorial Board, Qualitative Sociology (1982-); Society for the Study of Social Problems (Associate Editor, Social Problems, 1981-, 1975-78; Co-Chair, Program Committee, 1979; Member, Program Committee, 1978); Editorial Board, Sociology of Work and Occupations (1974-83). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Section on Sociology of Sex and Gender (Chair, 1984; Council Member. 1976-78); Editorial Baord, Contemporary Sociology (1981-83); Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology (1978-80; Chair,

Committee on Nominations

District 1

LOIS B. DEFLEUR

Present Position: Dean, Humanities and Social Sciences, and Professor of Sociology, Washington State University (1981-). Former Positions Held: Assistant to Full Professor, Washington State University (1967-); Visiting Professor, University of Chicago (1980-81); Assistant to Associate Professor, Transylvania College (1963-67). **Degrees:** PhD 1965, University of Illinois; MA 1961, Indiana University; AB 1958, Blackburn College. **Offices** Held in Other Organizations: Board of Directors, Council of Colleges of Arts and Sciences (1982-86); Commission on Arts and Sciences, National Association of State Universities (1983-85); President, Pacific Sociological Association (1980-82); Educational Testing Service Sociology Graduate Record Committee (1980-84); Associate Editor, Criminology (1980-84). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Council Member, Section on Criminology (1982-84); Committee on Publications (1980-82); Committee on Committees (1977-78); Deputy Editor, American Sociological Review (1972-74).

CELESTINO FERNANDEZ

Present Position: Assistant Vice President for Affirmative Action and Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Arizona (1982-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Arizona (1976-82); Scholar in Residence, Mexcan American Legal Defense and Educational Fund (1979-80). Degrees: PhD 1976, MA 1974, Stanford University; BA 1973, Sonoma State University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Pacific Sociological



Association (Member, Audit Committee, 1982-83, 1976-77; Member, Elections Committee, 1981-82; Member, Program Committee, 1980-81, 1976-77); Elected Member, Board of Directors, Sociology of Education Association (1981-83, 1979-81); Member, Tucson Ecumenical Council (1978-79). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Nominations Committee, Section on Sociology of Education (1982-83; 1977-78); Council Member, Section on Racial and Ethnic Minorities (1981-83); Committee on the Minority Fellowship Program (1978*80)

District 2

EDWARD J. LAWLER

Present Position: Professor and Chair, University of Iowa (1983-). Former Positions Held: Professor, (1982-), Assistant to Associate Professor (1971-74, 1975-81), University of Iowa; Visiting Associate Professor, Cornell University (1978-79, 1981-82). Degrees: PhD 1972, University of Wisconsin-Madison; MA 1968, California State University-Los Angeles; BA 1966, California State University-Long Beach. Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Social Psychology



Quarterly (1978-80).

CAROLYN CUMMINGS PERRUCCI

Present Position: Associate Professor of Sociology, Purdue University (1970-). Former Positions Held: Chair, Women's Studies, Purdue University (1980-81); Assistant Equal Employment Officer, Purdue University (1977-79); Assistant Professor of Sociology, Purdue University (1966-70). Degrees: PhD 1965, MS 1963, Purdue University; BS 1961, Middle Tennessee State University.

Offices Held in Other Organizations: North Central Sociological



Association (Member of Budget, Finance, and Audit Committee 1983-84; Vice-President and Program Chair, 1982-83; Member, Development Committee, 1980-81; Chair, Nominations Committee, 1979-80; Member, Distinguished Scholarly Achievement Award Committee, 1978-80); founder and supporter of The Women's Center (1980-); Task Force on Status of Women, Tippecanoe County, Indiana (1973). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Council Member, Section on Organizations and Occupations (1983-85); Chair, Section on Sociology of Sex and Gender (1981); Committee on Nominations (1978-79); Committee on Training and Professional Standards (1969-72).

District 3

BONNIE THORNTON DILL

Present Position: Associate Professor and Director of Center for Research on Women, Memphis State University (1978-). Former Positions Held: Counselor/Lecturer, Bernard M. Baruch College (1970-77); Program Developer/Field Supervisor, Human Resources Administration (1968-70); Field Representative, Office of Economic Opportunity (1965-68). Degrees: PhD 1979, MA 1970, New York University; BA 1965, University of Rochester. Offices Held in Other Or-



ganizations: Board of Directors, National Council for Research on Women (1983-); Member, Nominating Committee, Southern Sociological Society (1983-84); C. Wright Mills Award Committee, Society for the Study of Social Problems (1980-81); Editorial Board, Signs (1979-); Board Member, Association of Black Sociologists (1977-79); Trustee, The Schomberg Center for Research on Black History, Literature and Artifacts (1972-77). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on the STatus of Women in Sociology (1982-84; Chair, 1983-84); Nominations Committee, Section on Racial and Ethnic Minorities (1981-82).

VIRGINIA ALDIGE HIDAY

Present Position: Associate Professor, North Carolina State Univer sity (1976-). Former Positions Held: Fellow of Sociology and Psychiatry, Duke University (1975-76); Assistant Professor, University of Colorado-Boulder (1972-76). Degrees: PhD 1973, MA 1961, BA 1960, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Southern Sociological Society (Executive Committee, 1982-85; Program Committee, 1977-78; Site Selec-



tion Committee, 1979-80). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Rose Monograph Series (1983-85); Publications Committee, Section on Medical Sociology (1982-83).

District 4

HARRIET B. PRESSER

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, University of Maryland (1976-). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor of Sociomedical Sciences and Associate Chief, Demography Division, School of Public Health and the International Institute for the Study of Human Reproduction, Columbia University (1969-73); Staff Associate, Demographic Division, Population Council (1968-69); Lecturer in Demography, University of Sussex, England (1967-68). Degrees: PhD 1969, University of California-Berkeley; MA 1962, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill; BA 1959, George Washington University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Member, Committee on Youth Employment Programs, National Research Council (1983-85); Population Association of America (Second Vice-President, 1983; Member, Board of Directors, 1972-75; Chair, 1982, and Committee Member, 1980-82, Publications Committee); Council Member, Population Section, American Public Health Association (1976-79); Editorial Board Member, Signs: Journal of Women in Culture and Society (1975-83); Member, Population Research Committee, NICHD, HEW (1979-81). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on National Statistics (1982-84; Chair, 1982-83; Representative to Federal Users' Conference, 1982-83; Representative to Council of Professional Associations on Federal Statistics, 1982-83); Section on Sociology of Population (Chair, 1983; Council Member, 1979-81); Editorial Board, Journal of Health and Social Behavior (1976-78).

DORIS Y. WILKINSON

Present Position: Professor, Howard University (1980-), Former Positions Held: Executive Associate for Careers, Minorities and Women, American Sociological Association (1977-80); Associate/ Full Professor, Macalester College (1970-77); Assistant Professor, University of Kentucky (1968-70). Degrees: PhD 1968, MA 1960, Case Western Reserve University; BA 1958, University of Kentucky. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Vice-President, Eastern Sociological Society (1983-84); Vice President-Elect, Society for the Study of Social Problems (1983-84); Chair, Social Science, Minority Fellowship Program, National Research Council (1983); President, District of Columbia Sociological Society (1982-83); Board of Scientific Counselors, NCI-NIH (1980-84); Member of Editorial Advisory Board, Social Problems (1977-81); Chair, "Women in Science" Panel, National Science Foundation (1976). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Executive Associate (1977-80); Committee on the Minority Fellowship Program (1975-77); DuBois-Johnson-Frazier Award Selection Committee (1976-77); Committee on Committees (1975-76); Council Member, Section on Sociology of Sex and Gender (1972-73).

District 5

JOHN HAGAN

Present Position: Professor, University of Toronto (1982-). Former Positions Held: Professor, University of Wisconsin-Madison (1980-82); Associate Professor, University of Toronto (1978-80); Assistant Professor, Indiana University (1977-78). Degrees: PhD 1974, MA 1971, University of Alberta; BA 1968, University of Illinois. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Consulting Editor, American Journal of Sociology (1983-); Associate Editor, Criminology (1981-); Associate



Nominations (continued)

Editor, Canadian Journal of Sociology (1981-); Associate Editor, Law & Human Behavior (1981-); Board of Trustees, Law & Society Association (1980-83); Associate Editor, Social Problems (1978-81); Editorial Advisory Board, Law & Society Review (1977-81) Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, American Sociological Review (1982-84); Council Member, Section on Criminology (1981-83).

MAXINE BACA ZINN

Present Position: Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Michigan-Flint (1975-). Degrees: PhD 1978, University of Oregon; MA 1970, University of New Mexico; BA 1966, California State College-Long Beach. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Western Social Science Association (Vice-President, 1982-83; Executive Council, 1979-82); Associate Editor The Social Science Journal (1981-).



District 6

WOLF V. HEYDEBRAND

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, New York University (1973-). Former Positions Held: Visiting Associate Professor of Sociology, Columbia University (1971-72); Asso-ciate Professor of Sociology, Washington University-St. Louis (1967-71); Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Chicago (1964-67). Degrees: PhD 1965, MA 1961, University of Chicago. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Associate Editor, Social Problems (1981-84); Ex-



ecutive Committee Member, Eastern Sociological Society (1979-82); Resolutions Committee Member, Midwest Sociological Society (1971-72); Associate Editor and Book Review Editor, American Journal of Sociology (1964-67). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Section on Organiza tions and Occupations (Nominations Committee Chair, 1977-78; Secretary-Treasurer, 1975-77); Editorial Board, Contemporary Sociology (1972-74).

SALLY T. HILLSMAN

Present Position: Director of Research, Vera Institute of Justice (1976-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor of Sociology, Queens College, City University of New York (1971-76); Research Associate, Center for Policy Research (1970-72). Degrees: PhD 1970, Columbia University; AB 1963, Mount Holyoke College. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Society for the Study of Social Problems (Chair, Lee-Founders Award Committee, 1984;



Vice-President, 1982-83; Board of Directors, 1977-80; Co-Chair, Committee on Unemployment in the Profession, 1975-81); Editorial Board, The Justice System Journal (1983-).

Committee on Committees

District 1

LUCY CHENG (HIRATA)

Present Position: Professor of Sociology (1982-), and Director of Asian American Studies Center (1972-), University of California-Los Angeles Former Positions Held: Associate Professor (1976-82), Assistant Professor (1971-76), University of California-Los Angeles. Degrees: PhD 1971, University of Hawaii. Offices Held in Other Organizations: California Council for the Humanities (1981-85); Honorary Direc-



Chinese Historial Society of Southern California (1978-80); Bureau of the Census Advisory Committee on the Asian and Pacific American Population for the 1980 Census (1976-80).

Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on the Minority Fellowship Program

CAROL A.B. WARREN

Present Position: Associate Professor, University of Southern California (1978-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor, University of Southern California (1972-78). Degrees: PhD 1972, University of California-San Diego; MA 1970, San Diego State University; BS 1965, University of London. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Society for the Study of Social Problems (Chair, Council of Chairs, 1981-86; Chair, Theory Division, 1980-81); Vice-President, Southern Division, Pacific Sociological Association (1981-82).

District 2

JAMES P. PITTS

Present Position: Associate Professor of Sociology, Northwestern University (1976-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor of Sociology, Northwestern University (1972-76); Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of California-Los Angeles (1970-72). Degrees: PhD 1971, MA 1968, BA 1966, Northwestern University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: President, Association of Black Sociologists (1983-84); Associ-



ate Editor, Social Problems (1975-78);
Associate Editor, Journal of Black Studies (1973-). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Committee on the Minority Fellowship Program (1979-81; Co-Chair, 1980; Chair, 1981); Editorial Board, Sociology of Education (1973-75).

TERRY JEAN ROSENBERG

Present Position: Assistant Professor, Ohio Wesleyan University (1981-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor, State University of New York-Stony Brook (1972-81); National Science Foundation Public Service Science Resident, La Union Hispanica (1980); Principal Investigator, CCRP, Bogota, Colombia (1976-77). Degrees: PhD 1972, MA 1970, University of Chicago; BA 1968, Antioch College.



District 3

JILL QUADAGNO

Present Position: Associate Professor, University of Kansas (1981-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor, University of Kansas (1977-81); Visiting Scholar, Cambridge University (1979). Degrees: PhD 1976, University of Kansas; MA 1966, University of California-Berkeley; BA 1964, Pennsylvania State University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Midwest Sociological Society (Judge, Caroline Rose Graduate Student Paper Com-



petition, 1983; Member, Long-Range Planning Committee 1982-; Member, Committee on Standards, Training and Employment, 1982-85; Member, Resolutions Committee, 1980); Advisor, White House Conference on Aging (1981); Member, Midwest Council for Social Research on Aging Predoctoral Fellow Selection Committee (1980-); Associate Member, Darwin College, Cambridge University (1979); Associate Editor, Journal of Minority Aging (1978-). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Contemporary Sociology (1984-86); Council Member, Section on Sociology of Aging (1984-86).

IDA HARPER SIMPSON

Present Position: Professor, Duke University (1971-). Degrees: PhD 1955, University of North Carolina-Chapel Hill. Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Council Member, Section on Organizations and Occupations (1978-80); 1979 Program Committee; Committee on Nominations (1978-79); Editor, Rose Monograph Series (1974-76).



District 4

RHODA LOIS BLUMBERG

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, Rutgers University (1980-). Former Positions Held: Associate Professor (1971-80), Assistant Pro-fessor (1968-71), part-time Lecturer (1961-68), Rutgers University. Degrees: PhD 1954, University of Chicago; MA 1948, New School for Social Research; BA 1946, Brooklyn College, City University of New York. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Coordinator, New York Sociologists for Women in Society (1983-);



Member, Executive Committee, Eastern Sociological Society (1982-84); Society for the Study of Social Problems (Member and Chair, Lee Founders' Award Committee, 1981-83; Board of Directors, 1979-82; Chair, Intergroup Relations Division, 1977-79). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Secretary-Treasurer, Section on Racial and Ethnic Minorities (1981-83).

FRANK F. FURSTENBERG, JR.

Present Position: Professor of Sociology, University of Pennsylvania (1967-). Former Positions Held: Research Associate and Instructor, Columbia University (1965-67). **Degrees:** PhD 1967, Columbia University; BA 1961, Haverford College. Offices Held in Other Organiza-tions: Associate Editor, Sociological Quarterly (1982-); Committee of Child Development Research and Public Policy Member (1981-); Board of Directors, Alan Guttmacher Institute



(1981-); Board of Directors, Stepfamily Association (1981-); Associate Editor, Journal of Family Issues (1979-); Editorial Board, AMA Commmittee on Human Sexuality (1977-82).

District 5

CHERYL TOWNSEND GILKES

Present Position: Assistant Professor of Sociology, Boston University (1978-); Faculty Fellow, Bunting Institute, Radcliffe College (1982-84). Former Positions Held: Research Associate and Visiting Lecturer in Women's Studies and Sociology of Religion, Divinity School, Harvard University (1981-82); Visiting Lecturer in Afro-American Studies, Simmons College (1981-82). Degrees: PhD 1979, MA 1973, BA 1970, Northeastern University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Executive Board, Eastern Sociological Society (1983-85); Program Chair, Society for the Scientific Study of Religion (1983); Executive Board, Association of Black Sociologists (1982-84); Society for the Study of Social Problems (Co-Chair, Program Committee, 1981; Committee on Standards and Freedom of Research, Publications, and Teaching, 1979-81; Chair, Intergroup Relations Division, 1978-80); Secretary, Massachusetts Sociological Association (1975-76). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: DuBois-Johnson-Frazier Award Selection Committee (1979-81).

(Continued)

Committees (continued)

JEROME KARABEL

Present Position: Research Associate, Graduate School of Education and Department of Sociology, Harvard University (1983-). Former Positions Held: Senior Research Associate, Huron Institute (1977-). Degrees: PhD 1977, BA 1972, Harvard University. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Senior Editor, Theory and Society (1978-); Editorial Consultant, Oxford University Press (1978-). Offices, Committee Memberships



District 6

MYRA MARX FERREE

Present Position: Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Connecticut (1981-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Connecticut (1976-81); Senior Research Associate, Laboratory for Psychosocial Studies, Boston College (1975-76). Degrees: PhD 1976, Harvard University; AB 1971, Bryn Mawr College. Offices Held in Other Organizations: Colloquia Sessions Organizer, Society for the Study of Social Problems



(1984); University of Connecticut Faculty Senate (1980-83); Committee on Women, Eastern Sociological Society (1977-79; Chair, 1978-79). Offices, Committee Memberships and Editorial Appointments Held in ASA: Editorial Board, Contemporary Sociology (1981-83); Cooley-Mead Award Selection Committee, Section on Social Psychology (1977-79).

JOHN H. STANFIELD

Present Position: Assistant Professor of Sociology and Afro-American Studies, Yale University (1981-). Former Positions Held: Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Tennessee-Knoxville (1979-81); Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Texas-San Antonio (1977-79). Degrees: PhD 1977, MA 1974, Northwestern University; BA 1973, California State University Fresno. Offices Held in Other Or-



ganizations: Consultant, Josiah Macy Jr. Foundation (1984-); Chair Nominee, Intergroup Rela-tions Division, Society for the Study of Social Problems (1984-86); Member, Task Force on Social Science and Ethnocultural Experience (1982-); Program Committee, Association of Black Sociolo-

Procedures for ASA Code of Ethics

The Policies and Procedures published below provide enabling language for the Code of Ethics approved by the membership in May, 1982. The Procedures were accepted by ASA Council at its 1983 meeting in Detroit and are now being referred to the general membership for approval. Voting members will be asked to indicate whether they approve or disapprove of the Policies and Procedures on the election ballot that will be mailed this Spring.

The procedures presented below have been in preparation for close to three years. An initial version, prepared by the 1981 and 1982 Committees on Professional Ethics, was substantially revised by an ad hoc Council sub-committee. The resulting draft was published in the April, 1983 issue of FOOTNOTES, and comments were solicited from the membership and relevant committees. In August of 1983 Council gave its final approval to the Policies and Procedures.

Members of three separate Committees on Professional Ethics participated in preparation of the procedures. The 1981 Committee included: Patricia Y Miller (Chair), Joyce Lazar, Donald Warwick, Murray Wax, John Lofland, Pamela Riley, and Jacqueline Wiseman (Council Liaison). Members of the 1982 Committee were: Murray Wax (Chair), Donald Warwick, John Lofland, Pamela Riley, Albert K. Cohen, Richard D. Schwartz, and Jacqueline Wiseman (Council Liaison). The 1983 Committee was composed of: John Lofland (Chair), Donald Warwick, Albert K. Cohen, N.J. Demerath III, Ilene Nagel, Pamela Riley, Richard D. Schwartz, and Jacqueline Wiseman (Council Liaison). The Ad Hoc Council Subcommittee that contributed to preparation of the procedures consisted of Theodore Caplow, Rodolfo Alvarez, and Jac-

If approved by a majority vote of the membership, these Policies and Procedures will allow the new Code of Ethics approved in 1982 to become fully operational

Policies and Procedures

The Committee on Professional Ethics, appointed by the Council of the American Sociological Association, shall have primary responsibility for the interpretation of this Code, for the investigation of complaints brought under it, and for recommendations to Council pertinent to such complaints

- At any time, not necessarily in the context of the investigation of a particular case, advise the Council of the Association of its views of general ethical questions, which the Council may elect to publish in appropriate publications of the Association;
- Receive complaints of violations of the Code of Ethics, and endeavor to resolve them by mediation, and if mediation is unsuccessful, proceed to a hearing. If, after a hearing, the Committee determines that an ethical violation occurred, it should so notify the parties and prepare a report for Council, which report may or may not recommend one of the following actions:
 - Apply no sanctions;
- Suspend the membership and attendant privileges of a member (e.g., participation in the Annual Meeting) for a period to be recommended by the Committee;
- Request the resignation of a member; or,
- Terminate the membership of a member.
- B. The Council of the Association shall receive case reports and recommendations from the Committee, and from the Review Board hereinafter provided, and take appropriate action.
- C. The following are the rules and procedures under which the Committee operates:
 - 1. Except as hereinafter provided, all formal actions of the Committee shall be adopted at a meeting at which a quorum is present, by a majority vote of the members present and voting.
- All complaints of violations of the Code of Ethics should be directed in writing to the Executive Officer of the Association who shall determine whether the accused is a member of the Association. If so, the Executive Officer shall communicate the entire complaint to the person or persons accused, together with a copy of the Code and these procedures (by
 - registered mail with return receipt requested) and request a response within 90 days.

 The Committee shall consider complaints received from both members and non-members. of the Association against members of the Association.

- In order to be considered by the Committee, complaints must be received within eighteen months of the alleged violation or, if received later, must be certified for Committee consideration by the ASA Council.
- c. The Executive Officer shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint, shall send a copy of the Code and these procedures, and, where necessary, advise the complainant that a formal complaint must include specification of the time, place, persons, and events constituting the alleged violation and cite the paragraph(s) of the Code alleged to be violated.

 3. After acknowledgement of the complaint and the receipt of a response from the accused or
- after the lapse of 90 days without response, the Executive Officer shall send copies of the complaint, responses and supporting documents to all members of the Committee and to the complainant and to the accused. After consideration, the Committee shall decide by majority vote whether (1) the case should not be pursued further, (2) further information is needed, (3) mediation should be attempted, or (4) the case should come to a hearing.
- a. If the Committee decides there should be no further pursuit of the case, the Chair shall unicate the decision and the reasons therefore to the Executive Officer, who shall notify all parties.
- b. If the Committee decides that further investigation of the case is necessary, it may direct inquiries through the Executive Officer to either the complainant or the accused, with copies of the request and responses thereto in every instance to the other party.
- c. If the Committee decides to attempt mediation, it shall appoint a mediator from among members of the Association, acceptable to both parties. The mediator shall in due course notify the Committee that the matter has been resolved by written agreement of the parties, or if no such resolution has been achieved, the mediator may (1) recommend that the matter be dropped, or (2) recommend that the case proceed to a hearing.
- d. If the Committee decides that a hearing is appropriate, either upon the recommendation of a mediator, or upon its own initiative, it shall advise the complainant and the accused that a hearing will be conducted, giving at least 90 days notice of time and place. A majority of members of the Committee and non-voting counsel shall constitute a quorum. The accused, as well as the complainant, should be advised of their rights to introduce witnesses and evidence in their behalf, to cross-examine witnesses, and to have the assistance of professional or other counsel at the hearing. All documentary evidence to be introduced by the complainant, and the names of all witnesses to be offered in support of the charges, shall be supplied to the accused at least 80 days prior to the hearing. If either complainant or accused refuses to participate in the hearing, the Committee may elect to continue without their participation
- e. At the hearing, the evidence in support of the complaint shall be presented by the complainant, by complainant's lawyer or by a representative of the ASA Council, and the accused shall have full opportunity to answer the charges. The Committee may introduce its own witnesses in order to answer factual questions. It should be careful to maintain an attitude of objectivity throughout the investigation.
- f. The Committee shall record the proceedings of the hearing. The accused shall have the right to be present at all evidential sessions of the hearing and to have a transcript at cost.
- g. Unless the accused requests and the committee grants a public hearing, the hearing of the complaint shall be private. All persons except those necessary for the conduct of the hearing shall be excluded.
- h. At the conclusion of the introduction of all evidence, the accused, counsel for the accused, or both, shall be permitted to argue against or in mitigation of the complaint Thereafter, the Committee shall conduct its further discussion in private.
- If the Committee finds that no ethical violation has occurred, the parties shall be so notified by the Executive Officer and the case closed.
- k. If the Committee finds that an ethical violation has clearly occurred, it shall prepare a report of the case summarizing its findings and recommendations (see A-2 above). A copy of that report shall be sent to the accused and complainant who shall have an opportunity to prepare written comments within 30 days as part of the appeals process
- When the Committee has followed the procedure set forth in paragraph "k", the findings shall be automatically appealed to a Review Board composed of three Past Presidents of the Association appointed by the current President. The Review Board shall consider the written record alone, and by majority vote shall recommend to Council that the findings of the Committee be upheld, reversed or modified. Copies of the recommendations of the Review Board shall be sent to the complainant, the accused and the Committee on Pro-fessional Ethics, all of whom shall have 30 days to comment in writing before the recommendation is forwarded to Council.
- m. The Council, after examination of the Committee's and the Review Board's recommendations and comments thereto, shall make a final determination of the case on behalf of the Association, and either dismiss the case or take appropriate action (see A-2 above).
- D. The effective date of these procedures is

Meeting Calendar

March 22-24. Symposium on Liberation Theology: Marxist and Christian Perspectives, SUNY-Binghamton. Contact: Linda Forcey, (607) 699-3862 or (607) 798-2498.

March 26-27. Clinical Sociology Association Intervention Workshop, Chapman College, Orange, CA. Co-sponsored by Wright Institute of Los Angeles, and Department of Sociology, Chapman College. Contact: Intervention Workshop, Department of Sociology, Chapman College, Orange, CA 92666.

April 12-14. Clinical Sociology Association Training Workshop on Intervening in Social Conflict, St. Louis, MO. Contact: Jan Fritz, Department of Sociology, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C. 20057; (202) 625-6702.

June 3-5. Deviance in a Cross-Culture Context: An Ethnographic Interactionist Analysis. University of Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. Contact: Robert Prus, Department of Sociology, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario N2L 3G1, Canada; (519) 885-1211, x2105.

June 5-8. American Rural Health Association Eighth Annual Institute, Epcot Center, Orlando, FL. Contact: L.E. Moody, College of Nursing, University of Florida, JHMHC, Box J-187, Gainesville, FL 32610.

June 11-14. Longitudinal Data Analysis Workshop, University of Chicago. Deadline for application is April 30, 1984. Contact: Economics Research Center/NORC, 6030 S. Ellis Avenue, Chicago, IL 60637.

July 4-7. Improving University Teaching Tenth International Conference, University of Maryland, College Park, MD. Contact: Improving University Teaching, University of Maryland University College, University Boulevard at Adelphi Road, College Park, MD

July 19-26. North American Society for the Sociology of Sport Annual Meeting, Eugene, OR. Held in conjunction with the 1984 Olympic Scientific Congress. Contact: 1984 Olympic Scientific Congress, 1479 Moss Street, Eugene, OR 97403

August 4-9. 34th International Congress on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence, Calgary, Alberta, Canada. Contact: Mr. J. Skirrow, Chair, 34th ICAA Congress, AADAC, 6th Floor, Pacific Plaza Building, 10909 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T5J 3M9.

August 7-10. Conference for Family Violence Researchers, Durham, NH. Contact: Gerald T. Hotaling, Family Violence Research Program, Norton Social Science Center, University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH 03824.

August 22-25. Rural Sociological Society Annual Meetings, College Station, TX. Theme: "Rural North America in the Information Society". Contact: William R. Freudenberg or Timothy R. Jones, Department of Rural Sociology, Washington State University. Pullman, WA 99164-4006.

August 25-27. Association for the Sociology of Religion Meeting, Menger Hotel, San Antonio, TX. Theme: "Religion and Secular Change: Problems of Conflict and Accommodation". Contact: Theodore E. Long, ASR Executive Secretary, Department of Sociology, Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, PA 15301.

August 28-29. Society for the Study of Symbolic Interaction Annual Meetings, San Antonio, TX. contact: Peter or Patricia A. Adler, SSSI Program Chairs, Department of Sociology, University of Tulsa. IV 74104.

Call for Papers

CONFERENCES

Association for Humanist Sociology 1984 Annual Conference, October 11-14, 1984, Congress Americana, Chicago, IL. Theme: "A Year for Action: Humanist Sociologists in the Service of Social Change". Session suggestions and papers or proposals are welcomed and invited. Send by May 1, 1984 to: Victoria Rader, President and Chair of Program Committee, Association for Humanist Sociology, George Mason University, Fairfax, VA 22030; (703)

323-2922.

Bureaucracy, Law and Order. Third international conference on the comparative historial and critical analysis of bureaucracy, August 27-31, 1984, Gottlieb Duttweiler Institute, Ruschlikon, Zurich. Papers are solicited for the conference, organized by the Gottlieb Duttweiner Institute for Economic and Social Studies, "Green Meadow" Foundation. Deadline for papers and/or resumes is April 30, 1984. Send inquiries and 4 copies of papers to: Dr. Rolf Homann, Project Manager, Gottlieb Duttweiler Institute, CH-8803, Ruschlikon, Switzerland.

Northern Virginia Studies Conference, October 27-28, 1984, Northern Virginia Community College, Ale-xandria, VA. Theme: "Northern Virginia in 1984: One Region, Many Communities". The program committee invites proposals for papers, research reports, discussion panels, or complete sessions on any aspect of Northern Virginia (i.e., history, archaeology, anthropology, architecture, or related interdisciplinary topics). Send proposals, including abstracts and curriclum vita, by April 1, 1984 to: Dr. Jean H. Braden, Social Science Division, Alexandria Campus, Northern Virginia Community College, 3001 North Beauregard Street, Alexandria, VA

Social Change and the Deaf Community/Deaf Culture Conference, June 1986, Gallaudet College, Washington, D.C. The Conference will bring together authors and registrants for in-depth discussions of major issues related to social change and the deaf community/deaf culture. Participants will receive copies of papers and will be expected to have read the papers prior to the Conference. Send a three- to five-page summary of paper proposals by May 15, 1984 to: John B. Christiansen or Richard W. Meisegeier, Department of Sociology and Social Work, Gallaudet College, 800 Florida Avenue, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20002.

Correction

The Society for the History of Technology was incorrectly identified as the Society for the History of Sociology in the "Call for Papers" column of the February issue of FOOTNOTES. The correct announcement follows.

Society for the History of Technology Annual Meeting, October 18-21, 1984, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA. Areas of interest include non-Western technology, technology and the state, literary images of technology, technologies of mass media, the history of technical education, and especially interdisciplinary proposals relating the history of technology to other specialties such as women's history, labor history, urban history, or new methodological approaches. Send a 150-word abstract and curriculum vita by May 1, 1984 to: Jeffrey L. Sturchio, Department of Humanities, New Jersey Institute of Technology, Newark, NJ 07102; (201) 645-5224.

PUBLICATIONS

The California Sociologist: A Journal of Sociology and Social Work invites submissions of original papers in ASR format. Suggestions for special issues are also welcomed. Recent special issues include "Asian/Pacific Americans", "Organizational Processing of Deviants" and "Chicanos and Other Hispanic Groups". Send three copies of manuscripts to: Lawrence K. Hong, Department of Sociology and Social Work, California State University, Los Angeles, CA 90032.

India: Contemporary Issues, an anthology, invites submissions of manuscripts within 25 typed, double-spaced pages. Send title and abstract, or, preferably, completed manuscript, to: Linda Lindsey, St. Louis College of Pharmacy, Euclid and Parkview, St. Louis, MO 63110; (314) 367-8700. Deadline for receipt of all materials is April 1, 1984. General guidelines will be sent upon request.

Language and Communication invites review and empiral articles on theoretical and/or applied issues for a special double issue on "Communication and the Elderly". Manuscripts of 10-25 double-spaced pages in L&C style should be submitted by March 1, 1984 to both editors: Howard Giles, Communication Program, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106; and Ellen Bouchard Ryan, Department of Psychiatry, Faculty of Health Sciences, McMaster University, Hamillon, Ontario, Canada L&Z 3N5.

Michigan Quarterly Review, the cultural and literary journal of the University of Michigan, invites manuscripts for its fifth special issue, to be titled "Science & the Human Image". Deadline for submissions is September 1, 1984. Send essays, interviews, memoirs, fiction, or poetry to: Editor, "Science & the Human Image" Michigan Quarterly Review, 3032 Rackham Building, Ann Arbor, MI 48109.

Articles on the impact of computers and high tech on society, corporations, education, family, etc. are sought for an anthology of original articles now being organized. There will be monetary compensation for accepted articles. Contact: Dr. Jack Nusan Porter, The Spencer Institute for Business and Society, 8 Burnside Road, Newton, MA 02161.

Funding Opportunities

POSTDOCTORAL

The Alcohol Research Group, a National Alcohol Research Center at the Medical Research Institute of San Francisco, has fellowships available for postdoctoral training in alcohol studies in topic areas related to the Group's research programs. Appointments are for nine months to one year, renewable in exceptional cases, and stipends range from \$1,115 to \$1,566 per month, according to number of years in relevant postdoctoral experi-

Competitions

AKD Student Paper Competition

Alpha Kappa Delta is now sponsoring what will hopefully be an annual undergraduate student paper competition. Each AKD chapter will hold a local competition and will submit one winning paper by June 15. "Free" submissions are also accepted from students who are not winners of local competitions. First prize is \$150 and publication in Sociological Inquiry; other prizes will also be awarded. Authors must be AKD members and an undergraduate student at the time the paper was written. For guidelines and further information, contact: James K. Skipper, Department of Sociology, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, VA 24061.

AAAS Socio-Psychological Prize

Submissions are invited for the 1984 American Association for the Advancement of Science Socio-Psychological Prize of \$1,000 awarded annually for a meritoricus paper that furthers understanding of human psychological/socio-cultural behavior. Entries should present a completed analysis of a problem, relevant data, and interpretation of the data in terms of the postulates with which the study began. Purely empiral studies are not eligible. The prize will be presented at the 1985 AAAS Annual Meeting in Los Angeles, May 23-28. Unpublished manuscripts and manuscripts published after January 1, 1983 are eligible. The deadline for receipt of entries is September 14, 1984. For entry blank and instructions, contact: AAAS Executive Office, Eighth Floor, 1776 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

Contact

Love Canal Documentary

Love Canal: The Issues and Controversies is a slide/audiocassette program about the famous Love Canal disaster at Niagara Falls, New York Drawing on three years of field re-search by Adeline G. Levine of SUNY-Buffalo, the visually dynamic documentary describes the background of the Love Canal story and some of the major events that occurred in the attempt to solve the human and technical problems that arose. The audiovisual presentation concludes by emphasizing that Love Canal was not unique; rather, it typifies any disaster situation which involves and effects a wide variety of people and institutions. The 35-minute program is a self-contained presentation that is suitable for use in introductory and advanced classes. For further information, contact: Media Library, Educational Communications Center, 24 Capen Hall, SUNY, Buffalo, NY 14260.

Red Feather Institute

The Red Feather Institute has several new papers in the Transforming Sociology Series on the sociology of sport. They include Kell on "The Practice of Sport in Advanced Capitalism" and Chorbaijan on "A Marxist Sociology of Sport", while T.R. Young offers an overview on sport from a critical perspective. These are free to members of the profession this month. Contact: RFI, Route 1, Livermore, CO 80536.

Soviet Union Tour

New Political Science and Labor Research Association are sponsoring a group tour to the Soviet Union for sociologists and other social scientists, hosted by the Soviet Central Council of Trade Unions. The cost, \$1845, includes airfare from New York to Moscow and return, meals, hotels and all travel within the USSR. Dates: June 29-July 15, 1984. For more information, contact: Counterpart Tours, 25 West 57th Street, Suite 1428, New York, NY 10107; (212) 245-5761 or (800) 223-1336.

ence, and there is provision for tuition and fees as applicable. Federal trainee payback provisions apply. Applicants must be U.S. citizens or permanent residents who have or will have earned a doctoral degree prior to the award. Applications, including curriculum vita, three references, two reprints or other examples of previous writing, and a statement of proposed program of research and study, should be sent by April 15, 1984 to: Postdoctoral Committee, Alcohol Research Group, School of Public Health, University of California, Berkeley, CA 94720.

The Indo-U.S. Subcommission on Education and Culture announces twelve long-term (six to nine months) annd nine short-term (two to three months) awards, without restriction as to field, for 1985-86 research in India. Applicants must be U.S. citizens at the ostdoctoral or equivalent level. Scholars with limited or no experience in India are especially encouraged to apply. Fellowship terms include \$1,500 per month (\$350 in dollars, balance in rupees), an allowance for books and study in India and international travel. In addition, dependent allowances are available for long-term grantees. Application deadline is June 15, 1984. Application forms and further information are available from: Council for International Exchange of Scholars, Indo-American Fellowships Program, 11 Dupont Cir-cle, Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20036; (202) 833-4985.

Mental Health and Aging. Funding will be available for interdisciplinary postdoctoral research traineeships in Mental Health and Aging. Applicants should communicate with: Edgar F. Borgatta, Director, Institute on Aging—NL11, University of Washington, Seattle, WA 98195.

OTHER

The National Endowment for the Humanities invites submissions of preliminary proposals to the NEH Youth Projects program for Implementation Grants and Planning Grants to begin January 1, 1985. These grants support out-of-school projects for groups of young people to help them develop knowledge and skills in the humanities. The preliminary proposal, due by April 20, 1984, should consist of an estimated budget and a two- or threepage narrative description of the project. A final proposal may be submitted only if the project has been ruled eligible on the basis of the preliminary narrative. Implementation grants provide support for projects that are fully developed and ready for implementation. Planning grants of up to \$15,000 provide support in planning programs. To request program guidelines for Youth Projects, or for more information, contact: National Endowment for the Humanities, Youth Project Guidelines '85, Room 420, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20506.

Summer Programs

The 1984 Summer Institute on Aging will be held June 3-8, 1984 at West Virginia University in Morgantown, WV. The Institute will offer course work in Gerontology for those working with older people, college students and other community residents. U.S. Congressman Robert Wise, who serves on the Select Committee on Aging, will serve as Keynote Speaker. For further information, contact: Kelly Bray or Dr. Nancy Lohmann, School of Social Work, 707 Allen Hall, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV 26506; (304) 293-3501.

Official Reports and Proceedings

Committee Reports

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

The ASA Committee on Applied Sociolo-The ASA Committee on Applied Section gy met at its appointed time during the Annual ASA meeting. In addition, four Committee members met at the ESA meetings in March 1993 to discuss matters of mutual mittee members met at the ESA meetings in March 1983 to discuss matters of mutual interest. During the year, Marvin Olsen, with help from Adrian Tieman, produced an inventory of applied graduate training programs in the United States (available through ASA Executive Office for \$51.50) and members of the Committee served to unite through ASA Executive Office for \$1.50) and members of the Committee agreed to write short essays for FOOTNOTES that describe various aspects of the training, hiring, or work environment of applied sociologists. To date, Ruth Love and Robin Williams have submitted articles.

The Committee has identified and discussed many issues that concern applied sociologists. However, three issues dominate (I) Students (and others) who might be interested in employment outside of interested in employment outside of

nate. (1) Students (and others) who might be interested in employment outside of academe don't have good access to what and where opportunities are. Employment opportunities in applied settings typically arise out of step with the academic calendar and many departments seem unable to help students take advantage of such proportunities. students take advantage of such opportun ties. (2) Successful performance in applied settings typically calls for the ability to work settings typically calls for the ability to work cooperatively in groups, effective speaking and writing skills, and timely output. Graduate training in sociology does not appear to stress these skills. (3) Applied sociologists do not experience many advantages from membership in the ASA but miss professional interchange with same-discipline pages.

Our accomplishments this year have ad-Our accompisisments this year have addressed these concerns in modest ways. Marvin's directory shows potential students or employers where training is specifically directed toward applied settings. The articles submitted to FOOTNOTES convey information about what employers in applied settings look for. The Committee's submission of candidates for its own monohorbin. sion of candidates for its own membership and Council's reflects its interest in and Council's reflects its interest in attracting to ASA participation sociologists who work outside the academe. We believe that the Association will benefit from their experiences and that they can develop ac-tivities that are attractive and helpful to other applied sociologists.

Barbara R. Williams

CAREER OF DISTINGUISHED

SCHOLARSHIP AWARD

The Career of Distinguished Scholarship Award is the highest award of the Association. Yet, during 1982-88, the Committee received only five letters of nomination from ASA members. These letters and supporting materials, along with a list of individuals nominated during previous years, were circulated to Committee members who were circulated to Committee members who were

invited to make additional nominations. At the Committee's August meeting, about a dozen candidates were discussed, with the list being rapidly pared to four serious contenders. After a Hare system (ranking) straw ballot, the Committee voted by acclamation to make the 1983 Award to Herbert Blumer. The Committee then collectively drafted the citation honoring Professor Blumer which was read at the time the Award was presented. Committee members encountered no ambiguities, difficulties or objections to the Association's Guidelines or to the previously established Policies and Procedures. invited to make additional nominations

viously established Policies and Procedures all of which contributed to a fair and efficient selection process.

The members of the 1983 Selection Com mittee were Ivar Berg, Charles M. Bonjean, Jan Dizard, Joseph Gusfield, John D. Kasar-da, Dean Knudsen, Hylan Lewis, Rita J. Simon and Morris Zelditch, Jr.

Charles M. Bonjean Chair

DISTINGUISHED CONTRIBUTION TO SCHOLARSHIP

This Committee is charged each year to examine the sociological literature published in the previous three years and to present a citation of merit to the author of the most distinguished among these publications. The committee consisted of nine members whose names and affiliations are listed in the 1983 annual meeting program. The ASA staff announced the competition in the November, December and January

issues of Footnotes and by letters to 140 publishers. Both publishers and members of the Association were encouraged to nominate publications which they believed to qualify for the award. For the 1983 award, 85 books and one journal article were nominated, 29 of them by members of the Association, the remainder by publishers. Eight were never received from the publishers and two were withdrawn by publishers who felt the book inappropriate for the award. Thirty-one different publishers submitted books and 18 of these were university nesses.

mappropriate or ne award. Intry-one different publishers submitted books and 18 of these were university presses.

The winner of the award was selected through three rounds of evaluation carried out by mail and by a full discussion at a committee meeting in Detroit on August 31. After a through discussion of the leading candidates, there was overwhelming support for making the award to Orlando Patterson for his Slavery and Social Death. The award was announced at the Business meeting on September 3 with an appropriate citation for this outstanding work.

The Committee's work went quite well and the committee wants to thank the ASA staff, especially Janet Astner, for their continuous support and assistance. The committee expressed some concern for a decline in the number of pressess ubmitting publications and an apparent reluctance of few

in the number of presses submitting publica-tions and an apparent reluctance of a few presses to submit publications despite several letters nviting them to do so. We have no plausible interpretation of this de-cline in submissions but we do hope that members will be encouraged to make more nominations so as to assure that future re-views include all eligible publications. Since Professor Patterson was not avail-able to receive the award at the Meetings, the Chair and the committee would like to reaffirm their admiration for his dis-tinguished work.

tinguished work.

Gerald D. Suttles

DISTINGUISHED CONTRIBUTIONS TO TEACHING AWARD

The Distinguished Contribution to Teaching Award Selection Committee con-vened at the Westin Hotel in Detroit at 8:30 a.m. on Thursday, September 1, 1983. The nominations and supporting materials had been submitted to the committee in

advance
The committee voted to present the award to Professor David Riesman with an appropriate citation.
The committee further asked the chair to inform the membership of the Association of the range of activities the reward is designed to recognize. The ASA mandate to the committee reads: "An annual award for 'outstanding contributions to the undergraduate and/or graduate teaching and learning of sociology is to be established. This award may recognize either a career contribution or a specific product such as a textbook, course curricular innovations, or textbook, course curricular innovations, or technique. The award may recognize an in-dividual or an effort by a department, school, or other collective actor."

FREEDOM OF RESEARCH AND TEACHING

During 1983, the nature of the business handled by COFRAT changed in several ways. The number of inquiries or pending cases is down. Some of the inquiries appear to be different from the past. The committee engaged in more background work as a result of requests from the Council.

In the one case that was still pending at the end of 1982, the ASA Council accepted the recommendations of COFRAT at the January 1983 Council meeting.

In two inquiries made for COFRAT action during the year, there has been some difficulties from the control of th

In two inquiries made for CÖFRAT action during the year, there has been some difficulty in getting those who make the complaint to file a chronology of the events. In one instance, the case was in court and it is not COFRAT policy to become involved when the case is being handled legally. In the other instance, the case involved a whole general charge of intimidation against a specific subspecially. Again, COFRAT does not have the policy of entering general and group complaints. Its policy is to investigate specific charges of violations of freedom and teaching.

This is a general problem. Most people feel that they have made their case when they set down their grievances. To then get them to carefully prepare the chronology events takes some effort. Yet, it is the spec events takes some effort. Yet, it is the speci-ic policy of COFRAT to require that this be done. There was some discussion of this problem at the annual meeting. The com-mittee agreed that this procedure should be maintained. Some felt that a model of a chronology should be provided. This can be done and it may help facilitate the process.

The Council at its January meetings in 1983 decided to request COFRAT to provide a set of guidelines the handling of part-time employees. The Huber report to the Council indicated that part-time employment was on the increase. This increase raised questions about potential freedom of teaching and concerns about equity. Patsy Martin was requested by the chair to start the preliminary work in the late spring. At the annual meeting, the committee spent considerable time discussing this request from the Council and how it should proceed. The committee agreed that the thrust of the problem of part-time employment is not the hiring of graduate students who are in residence, but instead the hiring of individuals who would like to have full-time employment. The committee decided that Martin should receive help in obtaining information about the extent of the problem. A sub-committee of four members is soliciting information about the extent of pay, fringe benefits, and general support given to part-given to part-give

sub-committee of four members is soliciting information about the extent of pay, fringe benefits, and general support given to partime teachers in various parts of the country. Also, the committee is exploring whether or not there is a tendency to hire and fire at the last minute and which kinds of colleges are contributed. most likely to do this. Once the sub-committee has finished with the collection of committee has finished with the collection of these qualitative data then it will be combined with secondary data analysis that is being made by Bettina Huber at the ASA Executive Office. Together this will form the basis of an interim report for the whole committee at which time discussion of potential guidelines will begin. The COFRAT committee hopes to complete the report to the Council by the annual meetings of 1984. Finally, COFRAT made a preliminary investigation into a potential freedom of research case involving a graduate student, Mario Brujaha, at SUNY-Stony Brook. The judge wanted to have a full disclosure of all the documents collected in a participant observation study of restaurants. Daisy Tagliacozzo was appointed to do a preliminary liacozzo was appointed to do a preliminary liacozzo.

observation study of restaurants. Dasy 1ag-liacozzo was appointed to do a preliminary investigation to see if in fact it was an appro-priate case for COFRAT. The secretary had expressed interest in the case because of the legal problems involving confidentiality of research files.

Although concluding that the case was

Although concluding that the case was not appropriate for more detailed investigation by COFRAT because of its present legal nature, the committee sent Council the following recommended course of action: Council communicate with Judge Stuart Ain that if he orders the subpoenaing of the research documents that he seriously prejudices the research process and more specifically places Mario Brujaha in violation of paragraph IE 5 of the Code of Ethics of the ASA. A violation of this code can lead to disbarment and damages all future ich possible. ASA. A Violation of this code can lead to disbarment and damages all future job pos-sibilities as a professional sociologist. The critical nature of the relationship between scholars and their research subjects requires a trusting relationship. Confidentiality is crucial because it reduces inaccuracies in reporting and encourages freer com-munications about sensitive subjects that reporting and encourages freer com-munications about sensitive subjects that can not be made public. Sound scholarship therefore depends upon the protection offered by the confidentiality of the researcher-respondent relationship. The intent of this recommendation was to influence the judge in his ruling on the sub-peona for the research documents, which had not as yet been made at the time of the annual meeting.

annual meetings

Jerald Hage Chair

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

The 1983 Committee on Professional Ethics worked on the following matters. (1) Bringing to fruition the work of several prebringing to fruition the work of several pre-vious Committees, revision of the Policies and Procedures section of the Code of Ethics was completed, in coordination with an ad hoc subcommittee of Council consisting of Rudolfo Alvarez, Theodore Caplow and Jac-queline Wiseman, and was approved by Council in September. (2) The Committee dealt with nine concerns of members over Council in September. (2) The Committee dealt with nine concerns of members over professional ethics. Five were declined for lack of jurisdiction under the Code and directed to appropriate committees of the Association. Three were preliminary inquiries that are pending. One case was concluded after an appeal decision by Council. (3) The Committee requested and received Council approval intermittently to publish a column in FOOTNOTES that focuses on column in FOOTNOTES that focuses on ethically problematic situations. The first columns will address ethical issues arising between authors and editors of scholarly journals, specifically, questions of "turn around time" and "revise and resubmit"

judgments.
It is a pleasure to thank the members of
the 1983 Committee for their energetic and
effective participation: Albert K. Cohen, N.
J. Demerath III, Ilene Nagel, Pamela Riley,
Richard D. Schwartz, Donald P. Warwick,
Jacqueline Wiseman (Council Liasion), Bettina J. Huber (Executive Office Liasion).

John Lofland Chair

STATUS OF WOMEN IN SOCIOLOGY

During 1983, the Committee on the Status

During 1983, the Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology (CSWS) continued to function as an information source and advocate for women in sociology.

Our major activity for the year was the preparation of a draft of "Guidelines for Incorporating Women Faculty into Deparameteris of Sociology during the Eightles". The draft was submitted to Council at its September meeting in Detroit and was revised and approved at that time. It will be mailed to all graduate and undergraduate departments and published in FOOTNOTES in its entirety. The committee received extensive assistance in preparing the docu-ment from Bettina Huber of the Executive ment from Bettma Huber of the Executive Office. The guidelines address important issues regarding the hiring and retention of women faculty during a period of economic retrenchment in many institutions. The Committee was pleased to have assisted Council in the development of guidelines which address issues can be insulated to which address issues of such importance to the career development of women sociologists in academia.

Other activities of the Committee in-Other activities of the Committee in-cluded an annual meeting with chairs of re-gional CSWSs in Detroit; compilation and distribution of vitas of women sociologists; and cooperative contact with a number of ASA committees. In particular, I met with the Committee on the Status of Racial and Ethnic Minorities (CSREM) to discuss future isits retires the transmitted by the smith of the committee.

Ethnic Minorities (CSREM) to discuss future joint actions that we might take.

The committee was pleased to note that Council had taken complete responsibility for the provision of excellent childcare services in Detroit and that this was no longer seen as solely a "women's issue". In response to the positive feedback which we heard, we communicated directly with Dr. Alice Ress in comprehentable and the Alice Rossi to congratulate her and the Council on their fine job in this area and encouraged them to continue these efforts in the future.

Another activity this year included the shall annual student reception at the annual meeting. The reception was organized by Romnie Steinberg and co-sponsored by CSREM, the Committee on Teaching, the Sociological Practice Section and the Honors Program. We estimated that approximately 400 people, including a sizeable group of both students and practicing sociologists attended. In Flact, attendance was so good that we ran out of food before the reception was half over. The Committee was pleased to see that so many practicing sociologists to see that so many practicing sociologists of the committee of the section of the section of the section was half over. The Committee was pleased to see that so many practicing sociologists was half over. The Committee was pleased to see that so many practicing sociologists were willing to take time to meet with and address students' questions and concerns. We were particularly grateful to all who came prepared to share information on their graduate programs and on sociological practice. We would recommend that in the future, sections might take an active role in this activity as a way of informing students about their work. about their work.

The committee would like to acknowledge the contributions of those members who

the contributions of those members whose term of office ends. Roberta Cohen and Evelyn Clenn have contributed a great deal to committee deliberations and projects. We have enjoyed working with them.

Finally, the Committee wishes to commend the outstanding work of Bettina Huber of the Executive Office who serves as Committee Liason. Her commitment to women in sociology combined with her diligence, creativity, and good judgment has been an invaluable asset to the committee. She has represented our interests effectively both within and outside the Association through her participation in a number of activities in Washington which address issues of interest and concern to women in issues of interest and concern to women in the profession.

the profession.

In general, the commitment of the professional staff of the Executive Office to women and minorities in sociology has served to integrate these matters into the mainstream of Association concerns. This has continued to lighten the workload of the Committee. Committee.

Future plans of the Committee include consideration of materials on non-sexist re search and teaching

Bonnie Thornton Dill Chair

TASKFORCE ON DISCRIMINATION AGAINST HOMOSEXUALS

Five members of the Taskforce met on August 31, 1983 in Detroit. We unanimously agreed that the creation of a standing committee was a top priority. Elaine Burgess, Council Lasion, reported that Council was having difficulty figuring out how to get members for such a committee without risk to potential members. We suggested that lists of potential members for such a committee be generated for the Committee on Committees both by our committee and by the Gay Caucus, after each individual had been previously contacted to assure their

willingness to be included on such a list. Elaine later informed us that Council did establish the requested standing committee at its September 5, 1983 meeting.

A number of proposals were made. (1) Program organizers should again include a session annually, to be called "The Social Organization of Gay Men and Lesbians". Such a session is important inasmuch as it septiments, encourages, and facilitates respectively of the previous taskforce demonstrated, such research is heavily discouraged and stigmatized. (2) A press release concerning the findings of the previous taskforce demonstrated, such research is heavily discouraged and stigmatized. (2) A press release concerning the findings of the previous taskforce report should be written and disseminated by ASA. Bettina Huber did so, at our request, this past Fall. (3) Council should set aside funds to reproduce a glossy, abbreviated form of that report to be sent to all sociology department chairpersons, the Chronicle of Higher Education, and various organizations such as AAUP, AFT, etc. (4) ASA should send copies of the complete report to such organizations as ACLU, AAUP, GAQ Community News, and Gay Rights National Lobby, along with a letter lease of the complete report to such organizations as ACLU, AAUP, GAQ Community News, and Gay Rights National Lobby, along with a letter provide expert witnesses. Bill D'Antonio did so in October. (5) Harvey Molotch voluntered to chair as subcommittee to contact our sister disciplines, the U.S. and Canadian AAUPs and Canadian ACUPs and Canadian teered to chair a subcommittee to contact our sister disciplines, the U.S. and Canadian AAUPs and various faculty unions to get information about their policies concerning discrimination on the basis of sexual preference. (6) Content analyses of texthook treatment of homosexuality is to begin, focussing on texts in Introductory, Social Problems, Deviance, Family, and Human Sexuality. Pat Miller voluntees of the other than and the property of Devlaitte, ramily, and ritiman Sexuality. Pat Miller volunteered to chair this project. Barry Adam is in the process of reviewing Canadian texts. (7) On the issue of attempting to establish an ASA section on homosexuality, it was decided, to have the Gay Caucus take the initiative.

Janet Saltzman Chafetz Chair

WORLD SOCIOLOGY-EAST AFRICA

Late in 1981 the Committee on World Sociology was formed, with Representatives to each world region. I was asked to serve for three years as Representative to East Africa. Beginning in third year of that assignment, a

Beginning in third year of that assignment, a progress report to the ASA and to other Representatives might be of value. The mandate to the Representatives was to build bridges or links between U.S. sociol-ogists and those in the region for which we were responsible. This meant finding what the desires and needs of East African sociol-ogists are for faculty exchanges, study leaves with the stream of the control of the leaves with the stream of the control of the leaves with the stream of the control of the leaves with the stream of the control of the leaves with the stream of leaves with the leaves with the stream of leaves with the leaves with leaves with the leaves with the leaves with the leaves with leaves with leaves with leaves with leaves with leaves with leaves, collaborative research, attendance at international conferences, etc. Having no money to back it up, however, this mandate is effected only as the Representative works both at discovering needs and meeting

money to back it up, nowever, una natural sea effected only as the Representative works both at discovering needs and meeting them.

Since not every East African sociologist would be interested in connections with U.S. sociology, I decided in 1982 that while visiting the East African universities in the summers of 1982-84, I would collect information for a Directory of East African Sociologists. This will make it possible for these scholars to develop their own ties within the region. Many who had no enthusiasm for direct links with the U.S. were anxious to know who in neighboring countries were working on and interested in the same problems as they. Due to the breakup of the East African Community more than ten years ago, the sense of isolation between these countries is appalling. Lurrently have fifty small vitas from sociologists in the four countries by September, 1984. The African Journal of Sociology in Nairobi has expressed interest in publishing the Directory as a supplementary edition.

Several major issues have arisen which may be pertinent to the work of other Laison Representatives. The first concerns boundaries and disciplinary divisions. Are you a sociologist because of your degree, or because of what you do as a professional, hough you may have been trained in Agricultural Economics or Nutrition? Are we Laisons Detween academic sociologists—

though you may have been trained in Agri-cultural Economics or Nutrition? Are we Liaisons between academic sociologists-especially those at major universities—or do we look for those out in the field, on de-velopment projects, etc? Do we restrict our contacts to PhDs. Assistant Professors (Lec-tures) and above, each of the progression of the conturers) and above, or do we also represent the needs of Tutorial Assistants and others the needs of Lutonal Assistants and others further down the academic ladder, who often have the greatest needs for study abroad, etc? Should we work only for and with sociologists, or other social scientists as well? After all, isn't a sociologist as likely to want to team up with an economist as with another sociologist? In addition to these needs of the control of the social questions, the traditional disciplinary lines simply do not apply to much of the Third World. An illustration of this is the University of Zambia, which has Departments of

African Development Studies and Social Development Studies, but no Department of Sociology. At the very least, Social Welfare should be included with Sociology, since relevant departments in countries like Kenya and Zambia include both social workstand to the Social wor Kenya and Zambia include both social work-ers and sociologists. The past two summers my work has been primarily with academic sociologists and social workers in the major universities, collecting vitas and assessing, needs, since "you have to startsomewhere". However, eventually the Committee on World Sociology will have to decide who on the academic ladder, in the field, and in the cored sciences we represent

social sciences we represent. Several East African sociologists wanted several alsa Mines to other world regions are doing. In particular, Zambia would like to have the Liaison Representative to Southern Africa attend their Spring Social Science onferences. Many in Zambia feel more closely hed to Malawi and Zimbabwe than to East Africa. Representatives need to publish a list (Directory) of U.S. sociologists interested in their particular world region. We should also produce a selected list of U.S. sociology departments with their various specialties, and African Studies programs with their emphases. At various times I have been asked for each of these types of information, e.g., "Where should I go for six months to study sociological methods?" to know what Liaisons to other world re

As the CWS Representatives do their As the CWS Representatives do their work, the list of desires for links or connections will continue to grow. Yet such needs and desires are always easier to discover than to meet. We must spend at least as much effort seeking support, through AID, the Council of International Scholars (Fulbright), and other organizations with funds. The "punch line" must be constructing the bridges, not just determining where they might be built.

Bert N. Adams East Africa-Liaison

Section Reports

COLLECTIVE BEHAVIOR/SOCIAL MOVEMENTS

The section began in 1980. Membership has now stabilized in the 275-280 range. During the 1982-83 year B. E. Aquirre of Texas A&M continued to edit the Critica. Mass Bulletin. It has proven to be an effective means of communication and debate.

Tom Hood of the University of Tennesser and Jerry Lewis of Kent State University or-ganized a workshop on teaching collective behavior and social movements. It was held on the Univerkisity of Tennesee campus in June and attracted approximately twenty-

five participants.
Andrea Baker, Ohio University,

Andrea Baker, Ohio University, Lancaster, Ohio, is compiling a set of mate-rials on the teaching of social movements for the ASA teaching resources project. Mem-bers are requested to send course outlines and related materials to her. The program for the Annual Meetings consisted of three sessions. Craig Jenkins organized the roundtable session. Eighteen papers were discussed at six tables. Jenkins also organized a one-hour session. "What About Collective Action/Collective Be-havior?" Eight, four papers were delivered About Collective Action/Collective Behavior?" Finally, four papers were delivered in a session entitled, "Social Movements and National Context: A Comparative View". The Chair for 1984 is Ralph Turner, Chair-Elect John McCarthy.

Mayer N. Zald

COMMUNITY

A major effort during 1982-83 was the preparation of the program sessions for the Detroit meeting of the ASA. Sanda Schoenberg served as program chair. The roundiables dustered around a single theme for the two-hour section. Another program feature was the discussion of Middletown, relating the study in the 1930s to the restudy in the 1980s. David Popenee, Chair of the Research Committee, arranged a program session on various aspects from which to view community study. Glenn Yago, also a member of the Research Committee, reported on "Sociology of the Community: Trends and Research Priorities", based in part on results of a questionnaire survey.

The Nominations/Election Committee, chaired by Ruth Horowitz, announced the election of two new Council Members: Shirley Laska and Maurice Stein. The Council appointed Joseph Galaskeiwicz as Editor of the propriets of the Propriet of the Pr A major effort during 1982-83 was t

ley Laska and Matthe Stein. The Council appointed Joseph Galaskiewicz as Editor of the Newsletter to succeed Irving Allen. Harvey Choldin, Chair of the Awards Committee, presented the Distinguished Service Award in the Community Field to Irwin T. Sanders. Gordon F. Lewis read the citation.

The membership failed to reach the goal of 400 set by the Membership Committee under the Chair of Morton Rubin, despite concentrated efforts

One important new develoment was the activation of a Committee of Graduate Stuactivation of a Committee of Graduate vidents who arranged a well-attended round-table on the problems of getting grants and publishing in the community field. Cheryl Caudreault was Chair and David Maume and Mark Eckel were members of this Com-

Irwin Sanders Chair

CRIMINOLOGY

The most important announcement of the Criminology Section is that David Green-berg was awarded the first of our annual awards for outstanding scholarship for his seminal work Mathematical Criminology. David could not attend the meetings but the winner of an Honorable Mention Award, Ellers Leaved was present for us all Ho winner of an Honorable Mention Award, Ellene Leonard was present for us all to acknowledge wit gratitude her fine con-tribution, Women, Crime and Society: Critique of Theoretical Criminology. Those of us who attended the business meeting expressed our appreciation to Eilene and to David in absentia. Plaques commemorating the absentia. Plaques commemorating the awards are being prepared for David and

These are the first of our annual awards These are the first of our annual awards for outstanding scholarship. The Award is given annually for a book or series of articles published in the preceding five years that constitute a major contribution to the study of crime. The committee is empowered to give an award for a lifetime of outstanding scholarship if in their ominion, there is no scholarship if, in their opinion, there is no book or collection of articles published in the preceding five years which qualifies for the Award.

Award.

The Section approved establishing two awards to encourage scholarship and participation at the annual meetings. Beginning this year, there will be an annual award to a graduate student or students in the sum of \$500 to enable the student to travel or meet

graduate student or students in the sum of 500 to enable the student to travel or meet unusual research expenses for work in the area of criminology. The committee has dis-cretion as to how these funds may be spent and allocated. It is in the spirit of the Section decision that need as well as quality of work will be relevant criteria for deciding on the award. Requests for funds should be sent to the Chair of the Section, Travis Hirschi, or to the Secretary, Frank Scarpitt. The Section also passed a resolution allot-ting \$500 a year to be awarded towards the travel expenses of a foreign scholar from Latin America who will be invited to the annual meeting and asked to present a paper. In discussing this proposal, it was pointed out that participation by sociologists and criminologists from Latin America has declined as the economic difficulties of scholars working in Latin America have re-duced the available funding for travel to pro-fessional meetings. fessional meetings.

ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIOLOGY

The Section on Environmental Sociolo has completed another active year. Besides publishing a lengthy newsletter and sponsoring three sessions plus a social hour in Detroit, we worked on three special proj-

A section award was formally established and its first recipient was selected from a list of nominees by Council members in Detroit. The first ASA Section on Environmental Sociology Award for Distinguished Contribu-tion was given to C. P. Wolf for his role in founding the Section and for his scholarly contributions to the field of social impact

Also, a survey of Section members em-ployed in non-academic positions was con-ducted by Christopher Cluett of Battelle Human Affairs Research Centers and Bar-Human Affairs Research Centers and Bar-bara Payne of Argonne National Laboratory. Payne has used the survey results to compile a short "directory" (to be published in our newsletter) of applied environmental sociol-ogists who are willing to visit and speak at universities. The purpose of this "speakers' bureau" is to facilitate greater interaction be-tween candemic and applied environmental sociologists by having the latter, many of whom travel a great deal in conjunction with their jobs, visit campuses. Such visits would whom travel a great deal in conjunction with their jobs, visit campuses. Such visits would provide faculty and students with oppor-tunities to learn about the possibilities and requisites for non-academic employment, and provide applied environmental sociolo-gists with opportunities to learn about cur-rent academic research. The same goal underlies the more extensive Directory of Ap-plied Environmental Sociologists which Cluett is compilier, and which will present the re-

plied Environmental Sociologists which Cluett is compiling, and which will present the results of the survey—including information on job duties, suggestions for preparing for applied careers, etc.—in some detail.

Our third project was to sponsor the understanding of a compilation of environmental sociology course syllabi published by the ASA Teaching Resources Center. The new compilation of active the compilation of the property of the property of the control of the property of the prope

by Arthur St. George, and will be ready for distribution later in the year. Like other sections, the Section of En-vironmental Sociology has experienced

some decline in membership in recent years. However, our losses have been only about half the size of the average Section loss. We attribute this fact to the newness of our field, our excellent newsletter, and to various recruitment/retention strategies. For example, we have sent sample copies of the

ample, we have sent sample copies of the newsletter to prospective members and to those who failed to renew their memberships, along with letters encouraging them to join/rejoin the Section.

In addition to my two-year term as Section Chair, terms for two Council members, William Freudenbrug and Julie Honnold, ended at the Detroit meeting. J. Stanley Black and Judith Friedman were elected to fill the two three-year Council positions. Chair-Elect.

Humphore was elected Chair-Elect.

Marvin Olsen has succeeded me, and Graig Humphrey was elected Chair-Elect. I would like to thank the Section members and officers, and newsletter Editor Eugene Rosa and Assistant Editor Jenni Christ-opher, for making my two years of office enjoyable and, I trust, productive ones. Thanks are also extended to the ASA Ex-cutive Office staff for their very able assis-ective Office staff for their very able assistance and cooperation during the past two

Riley E. Dunlap

MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY

Election of Officers: The Nominations Committee, chaired by Janet Hankin, supervised the Section election with the following results: Betty Cogswell, Chairperson-Elect; Robert Simmons, Secretary-Treasurer, Peter Contrad, Council Membera-Large; Janet Gans, Council Student Member; Elinore Lurie, Chair; Publications Committee; Judith Barr, Chair, Career and Employment Judith Barr, Chair, Career and Enlipsofine Committee; Kathleen Charmaz, Chair, Teaching Committee; Virginia Olesen, Chair, Nominations Committee with Patri-cia Collette, Howard Kaplan and Irv Zola as members and Doris Cadigan as Student Member.

At the time of this election the mem At the time of this election the his-bership voted both a change in the by-laws to permit simultaneous nomination of offi-cers by the Nominating Committee and petition and a raising of Section dues to \$10.00.

\$10.00.
The Health Policy Committee (Andy Twaddle, Chair) has continued to identify articles of policy relevance and developed a code for categorizing that material. Congressional contacts have been formed so that the well by informed who advants has the control of the contro gressional contacts have been formed so that we will be informed when relevant health legislation can benefit from Section input. Discussion continues with COSSA regarding joint sponsorship of a seminar on health policy topics for members of Congress. A session on health policy was organized and chaired by Caroline Kaufman at the room as Consequence. 1983 ASA meetings.
The Professional Relations Committee

The Professional Relations Committee (Marshall Becker, Chair) includes Thomas Johnson and Howard Leventhal. Its major activity during the past year has been to establish closer ties with the American Psychological Association and the American Psychological Association. The AAA has published in Medical Antiropology Quarterly our complete Medical Sociology Section Program, and we will reciprocate in our newsletter. At a special meeting of health psychologists at their annual APA session in Chicago, Marshall Becker presented information about the Medical Sociology Section and its activities. Plans are underway with both associations to develop jointly sponsored sessions at future annual and regional meetings.

with both association to develop pany sponsored sessions at future annual and regional meetings. The activity of the Teaching Committee (Cathy K. Riessman, Chair) has culminated in the development of a workshop on the Teaching of Medical Sociology (a unit on social causation) at the Detroit annual meeting. It was extraordinarily well-attended. In response to the need for special naterials in the teaching of medical sociology. Cathy Riessman and Irv Zola have developed a reader in Literature and Health Care. After spending nearly two years and much effort, the Career and Employment Committee (Clyde Pope, Chair) has sadly concluded that at this time an informal graduate level intersibip in applied medical sociology was not feasible.

The Publications Committee (Jennie Kronefield, Chair) undertook two projects.

The Publications Committee (Jennie Kronefield, Chair) undertook two projects. The first, to develop a reviewing network to aid younger scholars in the submission of manuscripts, met with little success. The second project, to provide Contemporary Sociology with a list of willing book reviewers, has fared better. It is recommended that the medical sociology roundtable on publishing be repeated at the upcoming 1984 convention. Finally, the committer's continual push to have greater involvement in the running of 1985 may have borne some fruit, as two current council members were asked to serve on the committee which reviewed 1988.

Other Activities: At the annual busines Other Activities: At the annual business meeting David Mechanic received the 1983 Leo G. Reeder Distinguished Medical Sociologist Award. The 1983 Best Dissertation Award went to Renee Anspach, UC-San Diego, A tie for First Honorable Mention was earned by Bernice Pescosolido, Yale University, and Diana Chapman Walsh, Boston University. Second Honorable Mention went to Terry Mizraki, University of Vir-

nia. When I first assumed this position, I When I first assumed this position, I thought of it more as a duty than anything else. But now as my term of office draws to a close, I have to admit a certain sense of regret at its ending so soon. Hopefully you have gotten a sense from the reports that this has been a very active and exitting year, culminating in the Detroit sessions. As far as Lorence more and, they have been the most tuminating in the Detroit sessions. As an assistant and concerned, they have been the most stimulating and well-attended in recent memory. And to this we own a special

stimulating and well-attended in recent memory. And to this we own a special thanks to all the presenters, but especially to the organizers of the paper sessions. There were many other activities of your Section during this year, and the section's relationship to the ASA but in patricular our relationship to 1H5B. on both of these we have made some progress but we will have continue our efforts. Our graduate student members have pushed for greater visibility and acknowledgment by the ASA. The Section Newsletter under the editorship of Jeff Salloway continues to flourish. The Disability and Chronic Disease Newsletter under the editorship of Jeff Salloway continues to flourish. The Disability and Chronic Disease Newsletter under the editorship of Jeff Salloway continues to flourish. Newsletter under the editorship of Irv Zola is alive and well and still free.

Last year we took on the issue of physical Is any early wer and such rect.

Last year we took on the issue of physical access as a right of all our fellow members who have visual, hearing, respiratory or mobility difficulties. This year there was no smoking in sessions, some acknowledgement of wheelchair access and interpreters for the hearing impaired at selected sessions. Although this constitutes considerable progress, it is not comparable to that of other national organizations. As a result, the Section has created an Ad Hoc Committee on Accessibility to be chaired by Irving Kenneth Zola to further pursue this issue.

In light of the continuing decine in membership of the ASA and with it a committant decline in Section Membership, a special Ad Hoc Membership Committee was created.

A proposal to undertake a review and synthesis of research in made in A proposal to undertake a review and syn-thesis of research in medical sociology which has or could impact on (1) the formulation of public policy, (2) the organ-ization of health services, (3) the promotion of health, and (4) the effective management of illness was outlined by Linda Aiken and approved by the Council. Funding will be sought to underwrite its publication, to arrange for a conference of contributers and other expenses.

Irving K. Zola

ORGANIZATIONS AND OCCUPATIONS

In 1983 the Section sponsored the EGOS prize for an outstanding article or book published by a Section member having completed the doctorate no more than seven years earlier. The prize of \$500 will enable the winner to attend the meeting of the European Section 1985 of the Section 1985 the winner to attend the meeting of the Eu-ropean Group for Organizational Studies and to write a report on the meetings. No award was made for 1983 because only one nomination was received. An expanded effort will be made to encourage nomina-tions in 1984. Robert Perrucci will chair a subcommittee to call for nominations. The Newsletter, edited by Richard Hollig-

ner continues to be an excellent source of

ner, continues to be an excellent source of useful information to members. Regional editors provide a great deal of information on the research and scholarly activities of members in their areas.

The Section sponsored two thematic sessions and two roundtable sessions at the ASA Annual Meeting in Detroit. Topics for the thematic sessions and respective organizers were: "Controlling The Workforce" (Magali Sarfatti Larson) and "Controlling Organizations" (Deena Weinstein). Roundtable sessions were organized by Ame Kalleberg and Larry Radine. Despite the fact that Section Day was on the last day of the meetings, sessions were well attended and meetings, sessions were well attended and discussion was lively. The Section Council Meeting in Detroit

The Section Council Meeting in Detroit made several important decisions and received reports. The Council endorsed a project to develop a Section-sponsored series of books with a commercial publisher. The books could deal with important contemporary conditions such as plant closings, week, place democracy. Just social support temporary conditions such as plant closings, work place democracy, lay social support systems, quality work circles, alcoholism in companies, and management of innovation, to name but a few. John Cullen will chair a subcommittee to solicit proposals for the series from Section members. Council also agreed to respond to a request for teaching materials from the ASA Teaching Resources Center, Jane Hood will chair a subcommittee to sective from the membership classroom to receive from the membership classroom to receive from the membership classroom exercises, syllab, etc. for courses on organizations and occupations. The Nominations/ Elections Committee (Richard Hall—Chair, Mike Aiken, Ken Benson, Mary Zey-Ferrell, and Lynne Zucker) reported that Chair-Elect for 1984-85 was Curt Tausky; Secretary-Treasurer was Charles Warriner; and new Council members were Koya Azumi and Council members were Koya Azumi and Council members were Koya Azum and Judith Blau. They join the continuing Coun-cil members, Peter Blau, John Cullen, Carolyn Perrucci, and Jon Shepard. Chair-elect Charles Bonjean announced the organizers for the 1984 meetings: Richard Hall and Mary Zey-Ferrell are

thematic session organizers, and Marshall Meyer and Teresa Sullivan will handle topical seminars. He also announced the new Nominations/Elections Committee: Mile Aiken (Chair), Ken Benson, Elizabeth Maret, Patricia Martin, and George Ritzer.

Our Section is fortunate to have so many members who are willing to contribute their ideas and time to help the Section better serve its members. It has been a pleasure to work with them during the past year.

Robert Perrucci Chair

SEX AND GENDER

A new logo, designed by artist and print-maker Susan Moffett Matthias now appears A new logo, designed by artist and printmaker Susan Moffiett Matthias now appears on the newsletter and correspondence of the Section on Sex and Gender. A new office appears on the Council as well; a graduate student member will be elected for a two-year term beginning in 1984-85 as a result of a by-laws change approved by the membership on the spring ballot. Virginia Powell of Michigan State has been appointed to fill that position until the election.

Section members were disappointed when the ASA Publications Committee rejected our proposal for an official ASA journal on Sex and Gender. Members believe there is a need for additional publication outlets for work in this area. Alternatives to

outlets for work in this area. Alternatives to outlets for work in this area. Alternatives to an ASA journal including special issues of regional and other non-ASA sponsored journals are being pursued. Currently, the section is sponsoring a special issue of *Teaching Sociology* which will eppear early in 1985 under the editorship of 1982-88 Chair Marcia Teyler Segal and 1984-85 Chair Catherine. White Berheide. The issue will reflect a decade of experience in teaching

reflect a decade of experience in teaching about sex and gender.

Because our 1983 section business meeting was on Sunday, September 4, no resolutions to the ASA business meeting were sponsored by the section this year.

Members voted to express their appreciation for the excellent child care arrangements provided in Detroit and to urge ASA Council provided in Detroit and tourge ASA Council to view those arrangements as a model for future years. Business meeting attendees also resolved to ask the ASA Committee on Sections to review the numerical guidelines for assigning program slots to season coverall, ASA and section membership is declining. Several sections, including social management of the section of t

the theory session explored sociology from a gendered perspective in the light of our ten years of experience as a section. Pauline Bart, our first section chair, served as discussant for papers by Judith A. Cook and Mary Margaret Fonow. Shirely A. Nuss, Joan Acker, Ann Leffler, Dair Gillespie and Richard Kranich, and Diane L. Barthel. Section Day 1984 will continue the tradition of cooperation with a session on Gender, Race and Class co-sponsored by the Sections on Racial and Ethnic Minorities, and Marxist Sociology. The tradition of exploring connections between feminist theory and sociological work will be continued in a theory session including solicited and contributed papers and refereed roundtables, an imnovation of this section, will the theory session explored sociology from a tables, an innovation of this section, wil

tables, an innovation of this section, will provide a setting in which interested individuals can discuss high quality presentations on specific gender-related topics. The Section on Sex and Gender is an official co-sponsor of the Second International Interdisciplinary Congress on Women to be held April 17-21, 1984 in Groningen, the Netherlands, Several section members are Netherlands. Several section members are planning to attend. As additional evidence of how diligently members of the section have worked to forge links with colleagues world-wide, several section members have been nominated for offices on International Sociological Association Research Com-mittee 32 (Women in Society). 1983-84 Section officers are: Barrie These Charte Catherine White Rorbeide

Thorne, Chair: Catherine White Berheide Chair-Elect; Esther Chow, Patricia Y. Mar-tin, Virginia Olesen, Barbara Reskin, Shirley tin, Virginia Olesen, Barbara Keskin, Shiney Harkess, Marie Withers Osmond, and Vir-ginia Powell, Council members. Athen Theodore continues as Secretary-Treasura and Mareyjoyce Green as Nominations Chair. Newsletter items may be sent to Athena.

Marcia Texler Segal



ABSTRACTS

for Annual Meeting papers due in the Executive Office by May 1



1984 Committee Members, Official Representatives Announced

(continued from page 1)

Committee on Nominations

Chair: Edgar F. Borgatta Evelyn N. Glenn, Joseph S. Himes, Mildred A. Schwartz. Richard D. Schwartz, Ann Swidler, Howard F. Taylor (6 more to be elected) 1984 Program Committee

Chair: James F. Short, Jr. Andy B. Anderson, Sandra Ball-Rokeach, Edgar F. Borgatta, Theodore Caplow, Herbert L. Costner, Roberta G. Simmons, Neil J. Smelser, Franklin D. Wilson, Morris Zelditch, Jr.

1985 Program Committee

Chair: Kai Erikson Marvin Bressler, Theodore Caplow, Paul J. DiMaggio, Cynthia Epstein, William A. Gamson, Morris Rosenberg, Neil J. Smelser, Ann Swidler, Morris Zelditch, Jr.

Committee on Publications

Chair: Morris Zelditch, Jr.
Rue Bucher, Peter J. Burke, Ernest
Q. Campbell, Theodore Caplow,
Aaron Cicourel, Randall Collins,
Lewis A. Coser, Norval Glenn,
Maureen Hallinan, Barbara Laslett,
Leonard I. Pearlin, James F. Short,
Jr., Richard L. Simpson, Sheldon
Stryker, Nancy B. Tuma

STANDING COMMITTEES
(Elected by Council with rotating

(Elected by Council with rotating membership; CL designates a Council Liaison)

Committee on Applied Sociology
Chair: Ruth P. Love
Rodolfo Alvarez (CL), John P.
Fernandez, Jan Fritz, Michael
Micklin, Philip Monchar, Marvin E.
Olsen, Bruce Alan Phillips, Adrian
Tiemann, Linda I. Waite

Committee on Awards Policy

Chair: Harriett Zuckerman Allen Grimshaw, Mirra Komarovsky, Armand Mauss, Roberta G. Simmons Career of Distinguished Scholarship Award Selection Committee

Chair: Charles M. Bonjean Howard S. Becker, Ivar Berg, Joseph Gusfield, John D. Kasarda, Hylan Lewis, Rita J. Simon, Edward Tiryakian, Dennis Wrong

Distinguished Contribution to Scholarship Award Selection Committee

Chair: Janet Abu-Lughod Joan Aldous, E. Digby Baltzell, Paul Burstein, Nancy Chodorow, Howard Garrison, Oscar Grusky, Teresa A. Sullivan, Louis Zurcher

Distinguished Contribution to Teaching Award Selection Committee

Chair: Reece McGee Marvin Bressler, Frederick L. Campbell, Emily Dunn Dale, Betty J. Jones, Ruth P. Rubinstein, Norma R. Seerley, Ruth Hill Useem, Faith Willis

DuBois-Johnson-Frazier Award Selection Committee

Chair: William J. Wilson Edgar G. Epps, William H. Exum, Evelyn N. Glenn, Elizabeth Higginbotham, Julia A. Mayo, John Moland, Gail Thomas

Committee on Freedom of Research and Teaching

Co-Chairs: Jerald Hage, Patricia Yancey Martin Edgar F. Borgatta (CL), Bernard Cohen, Mareyjoyce Green, Edward Gross, Patrick H. McNamara, Robert G. Newby, Barbara F. Reskin, James F. Short, Ir., Daisy Tagliacozzo

Jessie Bernard Award Seelection Committee

Chair: Cookie White Stephan Sally Hacker, Cheryl Leggon, Helena Lopata, Diane R. Margolis, Karen A. Miller, Hanna Papanek, Judith Stacey Committee on the Minority Fellowship

Chair: Robert B. Hill Michael Aiken (CL), Margaret Andersen, Rose Brewer, Leobardo Estrada, Bart Landry, Clarence Lo, James W. Loewen, James Claude Peterson, Morrison G. Wong

Committee on National Statistics

Chair: Richard C. Rockwell

Karen O. Mason, Harriet B. Presser, Peter H. Rossi, Patricia A. Taylor, Ronald C. Wimberly

Committee on Professional Ethics

Chair: John Lofland Albert K. Cohen, N.J. Demerath III, Penelope J. Greene, Ilene Nagel, Pamela Riley, Richard D. Scwartz, Gaye Tuchman (CL), Stanton Wheeler

Committee on Regulation of Research

Chair: Donald R. Ploch Amitai Etzioni (CL), Norman Goodman, Barbara Heyns, William Kornblum, Peggy A. Thoits, James J. Zuiches

Committee on Sections

Chair: Susan Eckstein Linda Aiken (Section Board Representative), Jean Lipman-Blumen, Ruth Wallace, Michael Useem (CL)

Committee on the Status of Homosexuals in Sociology

Chair: (to be appointed) Barry D. Adam, M. Elaine Burgess (CL), Janet Chafetz, Patricia Y. Miller, Harvey Molotch, Ira L. Reiss

Committee on the Status of Racial and Ethnic Minorities in Sociology

Chair: Victor Nee Rodolfo Alvarez (CL), Robert Crutchfield, Willian T. Liu, Lionel A. Maldonado, Gary D. Sandefur, C. Matthew Snipp, Marta Tienda, Henry A. Walker, Loretta J. Williams Committee on the Status of Women in Sociology

Chair: Bonnie Thornton Dill M. Elaine Burgess (CL), William Form, Joyce B. Lazar, Marlaine Lockheed, Marie W. Osmond, Ronnie Steinburg

Committee on Teaching

Chair: Charlene Black William L. Ewens, Chales S. Green III, Craig B. Little, Anne W. Martin, Hans O. Mauksch (CL), Caroline H. Persell, Ann Sundgren

Committee on World Sociology

Chair: Louis Goodman Elise Boulding, Linda Keller Brown, Gosta Esping-Anderson, Robert M. Marsh, Theda Skocpol (CL), Patricia G. Steinhoff, Rosemary C.R. Taylor, Marta Tienda, Immanuel Wallerstin

Committee to Review Membership Insurance

Chair: Mathew Greenwald Theodore Caplow (CL), Lora Liss, William Rushing, Robert Schoen

AD HOC COMMITTEES

(Appointed by Council or the President to accomplish a specific task by a designated time)

Committee on Expanding Professional Opportunities in Sociology

Chair: Everett K. Wilson Alan S. Berger, Arlene K. Daniels, Rosabeth M. Kanter, Jack Riley, David L. Sills

Committee on Federal Standards for the Employment of Sociologists

Chair: Nora Scott Kinzer Kathleen Bond, Otto N. Larsen, Ronald W. Manderscheid

Committee on Society and the Disabled

Chair: Nan Johnson John B. Christiansen, Joseph S. Himes, Helena Lopata, Irving Kenneth Zola TaskForce on Sociology and the Media

Chair: Lawrence J. Rhoades Sandra Ball-Rokeach, Joan Goldstein, Albert E. Gollins, Nancy W. Stein

COUNCIL SUBCOMMITTEES

Subcommittee on Problems of the Discipline

Chair: M. Elaine Burgess Michael Aiken, Glen H. Elder, Jr., Morris Rosenberg, Alice S. Rossi

OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIVES

American Association for the Advancement of Science

Section K: Harrison K. White Section U: (to be appointed)

American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies Ivan Szelenyi

American Council of Learned Studies Kai Erikson

Committee on Problems of Drug Dependence

Lee N. Robins

Council of Professional Associations on Federal Statistics

Albert D. Biderman, Richard C. Rockwell

Federal Statistics Users' Conference Richard C. Rockwell

International Sociological Association

Melvin Kohn, Immanuel Wallerstein, Helena Lopata

Journal of Consumer Research, Policy Board

Michael Schudson

Social Science Research Council, Directors

Immanuel Wallerstein

U.S. National Commission for UNESCO David Wiley

David Wiley

Obituaries

PETER A. MUNCH 1908-1984

Death came suddenly to Peter A. Munch on January 10, 1984, at age 75. Though troubled by heart and kidney malfunction, Peter had remained remarkably vigorous to the end. The day he died he went outside to feed the birds, came back into his house, collapsed and died swiftly. So he was spared the kind of prolonged incapacitation especially irksome to one of such strong, self-reliant, and active character.

Peter Munch was born in Nes, Hedmark, Norway in 1908. His higher education commenced in the late 1920s with studies in theology and sociology at the University of Oslo. Eventually his studies branched out to include work in Semitic languages and literature at Oxford, and in sociological history and the ancient Near East at Universitat Halle-Wittenberg. In 1937 he went overseas as the sociologist on the original Norwegian Scientific Expedition to Tristan da Cunha. This experience provided indispensable background for later work and eventuated in the Sociology of Tristan da Cunha, the

second of nine books he was to author.
During World War II, and while a
Teaching Fellow at the University of
Oslo, Peter was imprisoned for a year

in concentration camp "Grini" by German occupation troops who shut down the University. When hostilities abated he went on to earn his doctorate at Oslo, which was awarded in 1946. That Fall he came to the United States on a Rockefeller Foundation fellowship for post-graduate work at the University of Chicago. From then on, although he never lost touch with his native Norway, his life was to be anchored in the United States.

After Chicago, Peter moved to a research associateship at the University of Wisconsin and thence to an associate professorship at St. Olaf College. In successive summers he taught in Scandinavian studies at the Universities of Wisconsin and Minnesota. In 1951 he was appointed Professor and Head of Sociology and Anthropology at the University of North Dakota where he remained for seven years. Later he became Director of the University's Social Science Research Institute as well. These years in the northern Midwest were highly productive ones: of some fifty articles and chapters he was to publish, close to half appeared during this period. It was a time, too, when themes that greatly concerned him personally surfaced to a central place in his research: the social adjustment of immigrant Norwegians; their segregation and assimilation; acculturation; and problems of the nature and reproduction of ethnic identity.

In 1958 Peter became Professor of Sociology at Southern Illinois University in Carbondale. He was one of the principal architects of the doctoral program in Sociology, served as Director of Graduate Studies from 1971 until his retirement in 1977, and devoted much time and energy to graduate students. He was sought after for service on doctoral committees and to direct dissertations, and his seminars on theory were always lively and well attended. He had the knack of being able to draw out the best in his students and was universally held in affectionate regard by them. To students and colleagues he offered the finest example of caring and creative scholarship, high stan-dards, clear thinking and intellectual conviction, as well as the precious gifts of enduring friendship and wisdom. In 1961 the supposedly extinct volca-

In 1961 the supposedly extinct volcano on Tristan da Cunha erupted and the populace was hurriedly evacuated to England. Peter was quick to see in this event an extraordinary opportunity for study of the displacement of a small, isolated and relatively simple island community and its forced adaptation to complex industrial society, so he wort overseas to investigate first-hand. When the volcano subsided a few years later and the Islanders demanded to go home, he studied the process of return and resettlement comprehensively. The yield was Crisis in Ultopia, perhaps the most skillfully conceived and beautifully written of his books. It is a penetrating commentary on the flaws of modern "civilization" as well as an artful depiction of the sociological characteristics and attractions of the kind of community which the Tristan Islanders so eargerly sought to recover.

This was also the period in his life when Peter contributed much to the Midwest Sociological Society through service on the Executive Committee, as Co-Editor and, for a brief spell, Editor of The Sociological Quarterly. It was also a time when, dissatisfied with the conventional sociological wisdom, he sought to clarify through his publications basic sociological concepts like "function", "solidarity", and "anomie". His own theoretical position was heavily influenced by Max Weber and he tried in various ways to communicate and strengthen the Weberian tradition. Having earlier published in ASR on Weber's Verstehende Soziologie, he came back toward the close of his career to do a series of papers rooted in Weber, one of which in particular ("The 'Judges' of Ancient Israel: A Case of Charismatic Authority") drew extensively on his earlier studies in Semitic languages, literature, and theology. And in a charming book called The Strange American Way (based on family letters, and translated with the help of his wife, Helene). Peter once again brilliamtly probed in depth the theme of Norwegian immigrants' acculturation, this time from the vantage point of social class.

After he retired Peter remained very active professionally, lecturing occasionally, writing extensively and publishing (among other things an essay on Norwegians in the Harvard Encyclopedia of American Ethnic Groups). And he was elected to the Norwegian Academy of Science, an honor he especially treasured. As tokens of the deep mark he has left upon us and the affection and esteem in which he continues to be held, both the research area of the Social Research Institute of North Dakota and the reading room of the Department of Sociology at Southern Illinois bear his name.

He is survived by his wife, Helene, a son, Peter, two daughters, Catherine Snyder and Mette Smith, five grand-children, and two great-grandchildren.

Charles R. Snyder Southern Illinois University (Carbondale)