

| 2023 ASA Student Membership by Gender and Race/Ethnicity | Total | White Women | | White Men | | Women of Color | | Men of Color | | Missing | |
|--|-------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------|----------------|-------|--------------|-------|---------|--------|
| Total ASA Student Membership | 3017 | 731 | 24.2% | 388 | 12.9% | 1009 | 33.4% | 502 | 16.6% | 387 | 12.8% |
| Aging and the Life Course | 123 | 37 | 30.1% | 11 | 8.9% | 42 | 34.1% | 23 | 18.7% | 10 | 8.1% |
| Altruism, Morality, and Social Solidarity | 61 | 15 | 24.6% | 11 | 18.0% | 11 | 18.0% | 14 | 23.0% | 10 | 16.4% |
| Animals and Society | 21 | 9 | 42.9% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 12 | 57.1% |
| Asia and Asian America | 144 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 82 | 56.9% | 38 | 26.4% | 24 | 16.7% |
| Biosociology and Evolutionary Sociology | 10 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 10 | 100.0% |
| Children and Youth | 74 | 22 | 29.7% | 6 | 8.1% | 25 | 33.8% | 9 | 12.2% | 12 | 16.2% |
| Collective Behavior and Social Movements | 198 | 49 | 24.7% | 27 | 13.6% | 57 | 28.8% | 42 | 21.2% | 23 | 11.6% |
| Communication, Information Technologies, and Media Sociology | 117 | 29 | 24.8% | 18 | 15.4% | 36 | 30.8% | 17 | 14.5% | 17 | 14.5% |
| Community and Urban Sociology | 152 | 41 | 27.0% | 28 | 18.4% | 36 | 23.7% | 24 | 15.8% | 23 | 15.1% |
| Comparative-Historical Sociology | 205 | 33 | 16.1% | 39 | 19.0% | 53 | 25.9% | 55 | 26.8% | 25 | 12.2% |
| Crime, Law, and Deviance | 158 | 46 | 29.1% | 21 | 13.3% | 46 | 29.1% | 29 | 18.4% | 16 | 10.1% |
| Decision-Making, Social Networks, and Society | 21 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 7 | 33.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 14 | 66.7% |
| Disability in Society | 71 | 30 | 42.3% | 9 | 12.7% | 13 | 18.3% | 5 | 7.0% | 14 | 19.7% |
| Drugs and Society | 32 | 13 | 40.6% | 6 | 18.8% | 5 | 15.6% | 5 | 15.6% | 3 | 9.4% |
| Economic Sociology | 219 | 39 | 17.8% | 40 | 18.3% | 65 | 29.7% | 51 | 23.3% | 24 | 11.0% |
| Environmental Sociology | 162 | 50 | 30.9% | 23 | 14.2% | 45 | 27.8% | 23 | 14.2% | 21 | 13.0% |
| Ethnomethodology and Conversation Analysis | 24 | 0 | 0.0% | 6 | 25.0% | 6 | 25.0% | 5 | 20.8% | 7 | 29.2% |
| Family | 159 | 52 | 32.7% | 9 | 5.7% | 68 | 42.8% | 14 | 8.8% | 16 | 10.1% |
| Global and Transnational Sociology | 212 | 31 | 14.6% | 14 | 6.6% | 90 | 42.5% | 50 | 23.6% | 27 | 12.7% |
| History of Sociology | 42 | 9 | 21.4% | 8 | 19.0% | 6 | 14.3% | 12 | 28.6% | 7 | 16.7% |
| Inequality, Poverty, and Mobility | 237 | 61 | 25.7% | 31 | 13.1% | 78 | 32.9% | 43 | 18.1% | 24 | 10.1% |
| International Migration | 174 | 21 | 12.1% | 12 | 6.9% | 84 | 48.3% | 42 | 24.1% | 15 | 8.6% |
| Labor and Labor Movements | 121 | 23 | 19.0% | 32 | 26.4% | 30 | 24.8% | 20 | 16.5% | 16 | 13.2% |
| Latina/o Sociology | 98 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 60 | 61.2% | 29 | 29.6% | 9 | 9.2% |
| Marxist Sociology | 93 | 13 | 14.0% | 24 | 25.8% | 20 | 21.5% | 24 | 25.8% | 12 | 12.9% |
| Mathematical Sociology | 92 | 9 | 9.8% | 25 | 27.2% | 16 | 17.4% | 28 | 30.4% | 14 | 15.2% |
| Medical Sociology | 243 | 85 | 35.0% | 26 | 10.7% | 75 | 30.9% | 28 | 11.5% | 29 | 11.9% |
| Methodology | 98 | 13 | 13.3% | 21 | 21.4% | 30 | 30.6% | 18 | 18.4% | 16 | 16.3% |
| Organizations, Occupations, and Work | 252 | 54 | 21.4% | 32 | 12.7% | 87 | 34.5% | 42 | 16.7% | 37 | 14.7% |
| Peace, War, and Social Conflict | 53 | 15 | 28.3% | 10 | 18.9% | 13 | 24.5% | 9 | 17.0% | 6 | 11.3% |
| Political Economy of the World-System | 83 | 11 | 13.3% | 18 | 21.7% | 26 | 31.3% | 17 | 20.5% | 11 | 13.3% |
| Political Sociology | 256 | 41 | 16.0% | 62 | 24.2% | 65 | 25.4% | 62 | 24.2% | 26 | 10.2% |
| Race, Gender, and Class | 342 | 92 | 26.9% | 20 | 5.8% | 158 | 46.2% | 41 | 12.0% | 31 | 9.1% |
| Racial and Ethnic Minorities | 188 | 26 | 13.8% | 6 | 3.2% | 97 | 51.6% | 41 | 21.8% | 18 | 9.6% |
| Science, Knowledge, and Technology | 141 | 29 | 20.6% | 27 | 19.1% | 32 | 22.7% | 30 | 21.3% | 23 | 16.3% |
| Social Psychology | 169 | 48 | 28.4% | 34 | 20.1% | 44 | 26.0% | 18 | 10.7% | 25 | 14.8% |
| Sociological Practice and Public Sociology | 79 | 23 | 29.1% | 0 | 0.0% | 32 | 40.5% | 10 | 12.7% | 14 | 17.7% |
| Sociology of Body and Embodiment | 72 | 25 | 34.7% | 0 | 0.0% | 22 | 30.6% | 7 | 9.7% | 18 | 25.0% |
| Sociology of Consumers and Consumption | 46 | 13 | 28.3% | 7 | 15.2% | 16 | 34.8% | 7 | 15.2% | 3 | 6.5% |
| Sociology of Culture | 329 | 76 | 23.1% | 43 | 13.1% | 108 | 32.8% | 59 | 17.9% | 43 | 13.1% |
| Sociology of Development | 82 | 7 | 8.5% | 9 | 11.0% | 29 | 35.4% | 23 | 28.0% | 14 | 17.1% |
| Sociology of Education | 218 | 60 | 27.5% | 21 | 9.6% | 73 | 33.5% | 36 | 16.5% | 28 | 12.8% |
| Sociology of Emotions | 77 | 25 | 32.5% | 9 | 11.7% | 24 | 31.2% | 0 | 0.0% | 19 | 24.7% |
| Sociology of Human Rights | 40 | 13 | 32.5% | 6 | 15.0% | 14 | 35.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 7 | 17.5% |
| Sociology of Indigenous Peoples and Native Nations | 50 | 12 | 24.0% | 5 | 10.0% | 19 | 38.0% | 12 | 24.0% | 2 | 4.0% |
| Sociology of Law | 120 | 22 | 18.3% | 14 | 11.7% | 46 | 38.3% | 21 | 17.5% | 17 | 14.2% |
| Sociology of Mental Health | 72 | 20 | 27.8% | 7 | 9.7% | 25 | 34.7% | 8 | 11.1% | 12 | 16.7% |
| Sociology of Population | 109 | 19 | 17.4% | 17 | 15.6% | 39 | 35.8% | 21 | 19.3% | 13 | 11.9% |
| Sociology of Religion | 112 | 35 | 31.3% | 26 | 23.2% | 20 | 17.9% | 17 | 15.2% | 14 | 12.5% |
| Sociology of Sex and Gender | 306 | 116 | 37.9% | 22 | 7.2% | 105 | 34.3% | 13 | 4.2% | 50 | 16.3% |
| Sociology of Sexualities | 168 | 43 | 25.6% | 24 | 14.3% | 46 | 27.4% | 22 | 13.1% | 33 | 19.6% |
| Teaching and Learning in Sociology | 118 | 52 | 44.1% | 15 | 12.7% | 28 | 23.7% | 10 | 8.5% | 13 | 11.0% |
| Theory | 189 | 38 | 20.1% | 36 | 19.0% | 44 | 23.3% | 42 | 22.2% | 29 | 15.3% |

Notes: categories less than five were counted as "missing."